THE RACINE JOURNAL

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

WILLIAM L. UTLEY.

Office No. 145 Main Street, First Door South of Post Office.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.

The Journal is furnished at *Two Dollars* per annum, in advance.

Any person sending us a Club of ten subscribers will be entitled to an extra copy.

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RACINE JOURNAL.

VOLUME X. RACINE, WIS., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1866. NUMBER 7.

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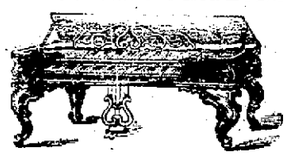

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Poetry.

SHAMUS O'BRIEN.

Jst after the war, in the year '98,
As soon as the boys wor all scattered and bate,
"Twas the custom, whenever a plasnt was got,
To hang him by thrial—barein' sich as was shot.
There was thrial by jury goin' on by daylight,
And the martial law lawgiv' the latins at night.
It's thim as was hard times for an honest gossoon;
If he missed in the judges he'd meet a dragoon;
An' whether the sojers or judges gev sentence,
The divil much time they allowed for repentence.
An' It's mainy's the fine boy was then on his keepin',
Wid small share of restin', or stim' or slapin',
An' because they loved Erin, and scorned to sell it,
A prey for the bloodhound, a mark for the bullet—
Unsheltered by night and unrested by day,
With the heath for their barracks, revenge for their pay.
An' the bravest an' hardest boy I'm thinkin' of,
Was Shamus O'Brien, from the town of Gilngall;
His limbs were well set, an' his body was light,
An' the keen-fanged hound had not teeth half so white;
But his face was as pale as the face of the dead,
An' his cheek never warmed with the blush of the red.
An' for all that, he wasn't an ugly young boy,
For the divil himself couldn't shake with his eye
So droll an' so wicked, so dark an' so bright,
Like a fire-flash that crosses the depth of the night;
An' he was the best mower that ever has been,
An' the illigantest hurler that ever was seen;
An' his dancin' was sich that the men used to stare,
An' the womin turn crazy, he done it so quare;
An' by gorry! the whole world got into min there.
An' it's he was the boy that was hard to be caught,
An' it's often he run, an' it's often he fought,
An' it's many the one can remember right well
The quare things he done, an' it's oft I heard tell
How he timbered the yeomen, himself agin fear,
An' stretches the two strongest on old Galdmore.
But the fox must sleep sometimes, the wild deer must rest,
An' rancliery prey on the blood iv the best.
Aider many a brave action of power and pride,
An' many a hard night on the mountain's bleak side,
An' a thousand great dangers and toils overpast,
In the darkness of night he was taken at last.
Now, Shamus, look back on the beautiful moon,
For the door of the prison must close on you soon;
An' take your last look at her thin, lovely light,
That falls on the mountain and valley this night;
One look at the village, one look at the dood,
An' one at the shlittering, far distant wood.
Farewell to the forest, farewell to the hill,
An' farewell to the friends that will think of you still;
Farewell to the colleen, the hurlin' and wake,
An' farewell to the girl that would die for your sake.
An' twelve sojers brought him to Maryborough jail,
An' the turnkey received him, setisfi' an' hail.
The feet limbs wor chained, and the strong hands wor bound,
An' he laid down his length on the cold prison ground;
The dhreams of his childhood came over him there,
As gentle and soft as the swale summer air,
And happy remembrance crowding on ever,
As fast as the foam flakes drift down on the river,
Refindin' fresh to his heart, carry days love gone by,
Till tears gathered heavy and thick in his eye;
But the tears didn't fall, for the pride at his heart,
Wouldn't suffer one tear down his pale cheek to start,
An' he sprang to his feet in the dark prison cave,
An' he swore with the fierceness that misery gave,
By the hopes of the free and the cause of the brave,
That when he was mouldering in the cold grave
His enemies never should have it to boast,
His soul to of their vengeance one moment was lost,
His bosom might bleed, but his cheek should by dhry,
For undaunted he'd lived, an' undaunted he'd die.
As soon as a few weeks were over and gone,
The terrible day iv thrial kem on.
There was sich a crowd there was scarce room to stand,
An' sojers on guard, and dhragoons wore in hand;
An' the court house so full that the people were bothered;
An' attorneys and criers on the plint of bein' smothered;
An' counsellors almost gev over for dead,
An' the judge sittin' up in thair box overhead,
An' the judge settled out so determined and big,
With his gown on his back, an' an illigant new wig.
An' silence was called, an' the minute it was said,
The court was as still as the heart of the dead,
An' they heard but he opening of one prison lock,
An' Shamus O'Brien kem into the dock.
For one minute he turned his eye round on the throng,
An' he looked at the bars so firm and so strong,
An' he saw that he had no hope, nor a friend;
A chance to escape, nor a word to defend;
An' he folded his arms as he stood there alone,
As calm an' as cool as a statute of stone;
An' they read a big writin' a yard long at base,
An' Jim didn't understand it nor mind it a taste;
An' the judge took a big plaich iv snuff, an' he says
"Are you guilty, or not, Jim O'Brien, av ye plaze?"
An' all held their breath in the silence of dhread,
An' Shamus O'Brien made answer and said:
"My Lord, if ye ask me if in my lifetime,
I thought any treason, or did any crime
That should call to my cheek, as I stand alone here,
The hot blush of shame, or the coldness of fear,
Though I stood by the grave to receive my death-blow,
Before God and the world, I would answer you no!
But if you would ask me, as I think it like,
If in the rebellion I carried a pike,
An' fought for old Ireland from dine first to the close,
An' shed the heart's blood of her bitterest foes?
I answer you yes; an' I tell you again,
Though I stand here to perish, it's my glory that then
In her cause I was willing my life-blood run dhry,
An' that now for her sake, I am ready to die."
Then the silence was great, an' the jury smiled bright,
An' the judge wasn't sorry the job was made light;
By my sevil, it's himself was the crabbed ould chap;
In a twinkliu' he pulled on his ugly black cap
Then Shamus' mother in the crowd standin' by,
Called out to the judge with a pitiful cry,
"Oh, jiudge, darlin', don't—oh! don't say the word!
The crathur is young—have mercy, my lord!
He was foolish—he didn't know what he was doin';
You don't know him, my lord; oh! don't give him to ruin!
He's the kindliest crathur, the tenderest hearted;
Don't part us forever, we that's so long parted!
Judge, mavourneen, forgive him—forgive him my lord,
An' God will forgive you—oh! don't say the word!"
That was the first minute that O'Brien was shaken,
When he saw he was not quite forgot or forsaken;
An' down his pale cheek, at the word of his mother,
The big tears wor runnin' fast, one after t'other,
An' two or three times he endeavored to speake,
But the strong manly voice used to falter an' break;
But at last, by the strength of his high-mounting pride,
He conquered and mastered his grief-swellin' side,
An' says he, "Mother, darlint, don't break your poor heart,
For sooner or later, the dearest must part;
An' God knows it's better than wanderin' in fear,
On the bleak, trackless mountains, among the wild deer,
To lie in the grave, where the head, heart and breast
From thought, labor and sorrow forever shall rest.
Then, mother, my darlin' don't cry any more;
Don't make me seem broken in this, my last hour;
For I wish, when my head's lyin' undher the raven,
No thrue man can say that I died like a craven!"
Then towards the judge Shamus bent down his head,
An' that minute the solemn death sentence was said.
The morrin, was light, an' the mists rose on high,
An' the lark whistled merrily in the clear sky—
But why are the men standin' idle so late?
An' why do the crowds gather fast in the street?
What come they to talk of? What come they to see?
An' why does the long rope hang from the cross-tree?
Oh! Shamus O'Brien, pray fervent and fast;
May the saints take your soul, for this day's your last;
Pray fast and pray strong, for the moment is nigh,
When strong, proud and great as you are, you must die.
An' faster an' faster the crowds gather there,
Boys, horses and ginge-bread, just like a fair,
An' whisky was sellin' and cushmack too,
An' old men and young women enjoyin' the view,
An' ould Jim Mulvaney, he made the remark,
"There aren't sich a sight since the days of Noah's ark.
An' he gorry, it was thrue for him, for the divil such a scrouge,
Such division and crowds was seen since the deluge.
For thousands were gathered there, if there was one,
Waitin' until sich time as the hangin' would come on.
At last they threw open the big prison gate,
An' out came the sheriffs and sojers in state,
An' a car in the middle, and Shamus was in it,
Not paler, but prouder than ever, that minute.
An' as soon as the people saw Shamus O'Brien,
Wild prayin' an' blessin' and all the girls cryin',
A wild, wailin' sound kem on all by degrees,
Like the sound of the lonesome winds blowin' through the trees.
On, on, to the gallows the sheriffs have gone,
An' the cart and the sojers go steadily on;
An' at every side swellin' around of the cart,
A wild, sorrowful sound, that 'ld open your heart.
Now under the gallows the cart takes its stand,
An' the hangman gets up with the rope in his hand;
An' the priest havin' blessed him, goes down to the ground,
An' Shamus O'Brien throws one last look around.
Then the hangman drew near, and the people grew still,
Young faces turned sickly and warm hearts turned chill;
An' the rope bein' ready, his neck was made bare,
For the grip iv the life-stranglin' cord to prepare;
An' the good priest has left him, he's said his last prayer,
But the good priest did more, for his hands he unbound,
An' with one darin' spring, Jim has leaped to the ground.
Bang, bang! go the carbines, and clash go the sabres,
"He's not down! he's alive still! now stand to him neighbors!"
Through the smoke and the horses he's into the crowd—
"By the heavens, he's free!" than the thunder more loud,
By a shoot from the people the heavens were shaken,
One shout that the dead of the world might awaken.
To-night he'll be sleepin' in Atherloe glen;
An' the divil's in the divil if you catch him agen.
The sojers ran this way, the sheriffs ran that,
An' Father Malone lost his new Sunday hat;
Your sabres may glitter, your carbines go bang,
But if you want hangin', it's yerself ye must hang.
For a swift horse will bear him to deep Bantry Bay,
Where the tall ship is waitin' to bear him away.
Then soon o'er the broad, blue Atlantic he'll be,
In America, darlin', the land of the free.

☞ In a jolly party, the other evening, over a glass of champagne, the following good one was told by a jolly good fellow, and a Federal officer, too. Raising his glass, he said, 'Gentlemen, I give you the same toast that a sensible Dutch officer gave in New York. Being called on, he said, 'Ladies and shenteelmen, I gives you Sheneral Putler!' Here there was great apparent indignation. 'Ladies and shenteelmen, I gives you Sheneral Putler!' Here the excitement increased but the Dutchman stood his ground, and kept his countenance. 'Ladies and shenteelmen, I gives you Sheneral Putler because I have no use for him myself.'

— Dr. Busby, whose figure is beneath the common size, was one day accosted in a public coffee-room, by an Irish baronet of colossal proportions with, 'May I pass to my seat, O giant?' when the doctor politely made way and replied, 'Pass, O pigmy.' 'O sir,' said the baronet, my expression alluded to the size of your intellect.' 'And mine to yours,' said the doctor.

Miscellany.

AN ANGEL IN DISGUISE.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

Idleness, vice and intemperance had done their miserable work, and the dead mother lay cold and stark amid her wretched children. She had fallen upon the threshold of her own door in a drunken fit, and died in the presence of her frightened little ones.

Death touches the springs of common humanity. This woman had been despised, scoffed at, and angrily denounced by nearly every man, woman and child in the village; but now, as the fact of her death was passed from lip to lip, in subdued tones, pity took the place of anger, and sorrow of denunciation. Neighbors went hastily to the tumble-down hut, in which she had secured little more than a shelter from summer heats and winter cold; some with grave-clothes for a decent interment of the body, and some with food for the half-starving children, three in number. Of these, John, the eldest, a boy of twelve, a stout lad, able to earn his living with any farmer. Kate, between ten and eleven, was a bright, active girl, out of whom something clever might be made, if in good hands; but poor little Maggie, the youngest, was hopelessly diseased. Two years before, a fall from a window had injured her spine, and she had not been able to leave her bed since, except when lifted in the arms of her mother.

'What is to be done with the children?' That was the chief question now. The dead mother would go under the ground, and be forever beyond all care or concern of the villagers.—But the children must not be left to starve. After considering the matter, and talking it over with his wife, farmer Jones said that he would take John and do well by him, now that his mother was out of the way; and Mrs. Ellis, who had been looking out for a bound girl, concluded that it would be charitable in her to make choice of Kate, even though she was too young to be of much use for several years.

'I could do much better, I know,' said Mrs. Ellis; 'but as no one seems inclined to take her, I must act from a sense of duty. I expect to have trouble with the child; for she's an undisciplined thing—used to having her own way.'

But no one said, 'I'll take Maggie.' Pitying glances were cast on her wan and wasted form, and thoughts were troubled on her account. Mothers brought cast-off garments, and removing her soiled and ragged clothes, dressed her in clean attire. The sad eyes and patient face of the little one touched many hearts, and even knocked at them for entrance. But none opened to take her in. Who wanted a bedridden child?

'Take her to the poor-house,' said a rough man to whom the question 'what's to be done with Maggie?' was asked. 'Nobody's going to be bothered with her.'

'The poor-house is a sad place for a sick and helpless child,' answered one.

'For your child, or mine,' said the other, lightly speaking; 'but for this brat it will prove a blessed change.—She will be kept clean, have healthy food, and be doctored, which is more than can be said of her past condition.'

There was reason in that, but still it didn't satisfy. The day following the day of death, was made the day of burial. A few neighbors were at the miserable hovel, but none followed the dead-cart as it bore the unhonored remains to its pauper grave. Farmer Jones, after the coffin was taken out, placed John in his wagon and drove away, satisfied that he had done his part. Mrs. Ellis spoke to Kate with a hurried air—'bid your sister good-bye,' and drew the tearful children apart ere scarcely their lips had touched in a sobbing farewell. Hastily others went out, some glancing at Maggie, and some resolutely refraining from a look, until all had gone. She was alone! Just over the threshhold, Joe Thompson, the wheel-wright, paused and said to the blacksmith's wife, who was hastening off with the rest—

'It's a cruel thing to leave her so.'

'Then take her to the poor-house; she'll have to go there,' answered the blacksmith's wife, springing away and leaving Joe behind.

For a little while the man stood with a puzzled air; then he turned back and went into the hovel again. Maggie, with a painful effort, had raised herself to an upright position, and was sitting on the bed, straining her eyes upon the door out of which all had just departed. A vague terror had come over her thin, white face.

'O, Mr. Thompson!' she cried out, catching her suspended breath, 'don't leave me here all alone!'

Though rough in exterior, Joe Thompson, the wheelwright had a heart and it was a very tender one in some places. He liked children, and was pleased to have them come to his shop where many a sled or wagon was made or mended for the village lads, without a draft on their hoarded sixpences.

'No, dear,' he answered, in a kind voice, going to the bed and stooping down over the child, 'you sha'n't be left alone.' Then he wrapped her, with the gentleness almost of a woman, in the clean bedclothes which some neighbor had brought; and, lifting her in his strong arms, bore her out into the air and across the field that lay between the hovel and his home.

Now, Joe Thompson's wife, who happened to be childless, was not a woman of saintly temper, nor much given to self-denial for others' good, and Joe had well grounded doubts touching the manner of greeting he should receive on his arrival. Mrs. Thompson saw him approaching from the window and with ruffling feathers, met him a few paces from the door, as he opened the garden gate and came in. He bore a precious burden, and he felt it to be so. As he held the sick child to his breast, a sphere of tenderness went out from her, and penetrated his feelings. A bond had already corded itself around them both, and love was springing into life.

'What have you there?' sharply questioned Mrs. Thompson.

Joe felt the child start and shrink against him. He did not reply, except by a look that was pleading and cautionary, that said, 'Wait a moment for explanations, and be gentle;' and, passing in, carried Maggie to the small chamber on the first floor, and laid her on a bed. Then stepping back, he shut the door and stood face to face with his vinegar-tempered wife in the passage way outside.

'You haven't brought home that sick brat!' Anger and astonishment were in the tones of Mrs. Thompson; her face was in a flame.

'I think women's hearts are sometimes very hard,' said Joe. Usually Joe Thompson got out of his wife's way or kept rigidly silent and non-combative when she fired up on any subject; it was with some surprise, therefore, that she now encountered a firmly set countenance and a resolute pair of eyes.

'Women's hearts are not half so hard as men's!'

Joe saw, by intuition, that his resolute bearing had impressed his wife, and he answered quickly, and with real indignation, 'Be that as it may, every woman at the funeral turned her eyes steadily from the sick child's face, and when the cart went off with her dead mother, hurried away, and left her alone in that old hut, with the sun not an hour in the sky.'

'Where were John and Kate?' asked Mrs. Thompson.

'Farmer Jones tossed John into his wagon, and drove off. Kate went home with Mrs. Ellis; but nobody wanted the poor sick one. 'Send her to the poor house,' was the cry.'

'Why didn't you let her go, then? What did you bring her here for?'

'She can't walk to the poor house,' said Joe, 'somebody's arms must carry her, and mine are strong enough for that task.'

'Then why didn't you keep on? Why did you stop here?' demanded his wife.

'Because I am not apt to go on fool's errands. The guardians must first be seen, and a permit obtained.'

There was no gainsaying this.

'When will you see the guardians?' was asked with irrepressible impatience.

'To-morrow.'

'Why put it off until to-morrow? Go at once for the permit, and get the whole thing off your hands to-night.'

'Jane,' said the wheelright, with an impressiveness of tone that greatly subdued his wife, 'I read in the Bible sometimes, and find much said about little children—how the Savior rebuked the disciples who would not receive them; how He took them up in His arms and blessed them; and how He said that whosoever gave them even a cup of cold water should not go unrewarded. Now, it is a small thing for us to keep this poor, motherless little one for a single night; to be kind to her for a single night; to make her comfortable for a single night.'

The voice of the strong, rough man shook, and he turned his head away so that the moisture in his eyes might not be seen. Mrs. Thompson did not answer, but a soft feeling crept into her heart.

'Look at her kindly, Jane; speak to her kindly,' said Joe. 'Think of her dead mother, and the loneliness, the pain, the sorrow that must be on all her coming life.' The softness of his heart gave an unwonted eloquence to his lips.

Mrs. Thompson did not reply, but presently turned toward the little chamber where the husband had deposited Maggie, and, opening the door, went quietly in. Joe did not follow; he saw that her state had changed, and felt that it would be best to leave her alone with the child. So he went to his shop, which stood near the house, and worked until dusky evening released him from labor. A light shining through the little chamber window was the first object that attracted Joe's attention on turning toward the house; it was a good omen. The path led him by the window, and when opposite, he could not help pausing to look in. It was now dark enough outside to screen him from observation. Maggie lay, a little raised on a pillow, with the lamp shining full upon her face. Mrs. Thompson was sitting by the bed, talking to the child; but her back was toward the window, so that her countenance was not seen. From Maggie's face, therefore, Joe must read the character of their intercourse. He saw that her eyes were intently fixed upon his wife; that now and then a few words came, as if in answers, from her lips; that her expression was sad and tender; but he saw nothing of bitter pain. A deep-drawn breath was followed by one of relief, as a weight lifted itself from her heart.

On entering, Joe did not go immediately to the little chamber. His heavy tread about the kitchen brought his wife somewhat hurriedly from the room where she had been with Maggie. Joe thought it best not to refer to the child, nor to manifest any concern in regard to her.

'How soon will supper be ready?' he asked.

'Right soon,' answered Mrs. Thompson, beginning to bustle about. There was no asperity in her voice.

After washing from his hands and face the dust and soil of work, Joe left the kitchen and went to the little bed room. A pair of large, bright eyes looked up at him from the snowy bed; looked at him tenderly, gratefully, pleadingly. How his heart swelled in his bosom! With what a quicker motion came the heart-beats! Joe sat down, and now for the first time examining the thin face carefully under the lamp light, saw that it was an attractive face, and full of childish sweetness, which suffering had not been able to obliterate.

'Your name is Maggie?' he said, as he sat down and took her soft hand in his.

'Yes, sir.' Her voice struck a chord that quivered like a low strain of music.

'Have you been sick long?'

'Yes, sir.' What a sweet patience was in her tone.

'Has the doctor been to see you?'

'He used to come.'

'But not lately?'

'No, sir.'

'Have you any pain?'

'Sometimes, but not now.'

'When had you pain?'

'This morning my side ached, and my back hurt when you carried me.'

'It hurts you to be lifted or moved about.'

'Yes, sir.'

'Your side doesn't ache now?

'No, sir.'

'Does it ache a great deal?'

'Yes, sir; but it hasn't ached any since I've been on this soft bed.'

'The soft bed feels good?'

'Oh, yes, sir—so good!' What a satisfaction, mingled with gratitude, was in her voice!

'Supper is ready,' said Mrs. Thompson, looking into the room a little while afterwards.

Joe glanced from his wife's face to that of Maggie; she understood him, and answered:

'She can wait until we are done; then I will bring her something to eat.' There was an effort at indifference on the part of Mrs. Thompson; but her husband had seen her through the window, and understood that the coldness was assumed. Joe waited, after sitting down to the table, for his wife to introduce the subject uppermost in both their thoughts; but she kept silent on that theme for many minutes, and he maintained a like reserve. At last she said, abruptly:

'What are you going to do with that child?'

'I thought you undestood me that she was to go to the poor house,' replied Joe, as if surprised at her question.

Mrs. Thompson looked rather strangely at her husband for some moments, and then dropped her eyes.—The subject was not again referred to during the meal. At its close, Mrs. Thompson toasted a slice of bread, and softened it with milk and butter; adding to this a cup of tea, she took them in to Maggie, and held the small waiter on which she had placed them, while the hungry child ate with every sign of pleasure.

'Is it good?' asked Mrs. Thompson, seeing with what a keen relish the food was taken.

The child paused with the cup in her hand, and answered with a look of gratitude that awoke to new life old human feelings which had been slumbering in her heart for half a score of years.

'We'll keep her a day or two longer; she is so weak and helpless,' said Mrs. Joe Thompson, in answer to her husband's remark, at breakfast time, on the next morning, that he must step down and see the Guardians of the Poor about Maggie.

'She'll be so much in your way,' said Joe.

'I sha'n't mind that for a day or two. Poor thing!'

Joe did not see the Guardians of the Poor on that day, or the next, nor on the day following. In fact, he never saw them at all on Maggie's account, for in less than a week, Mrs. Joe Thompson would as soon have thought of taking up her own abode in the almshouse as sending Maggie there.

What light and blessing did that sick and helpless child bring to the home of Joe Thompson, the poor wheelright! It had been dark, and cold, and miserable there for a long time, just because his wife had nothing to love and care for out of herself, and so become sour, irraitable, ill-tempered, and selfafflicting, in the desolation of her woman's nature. Now the sweetness of that sick child, looking ever to her in love, patience and gratitude, was as honey to her soul, and she carried in her heart as well as in her arms, a precious burden. As for Joe Thompson, there was not a man in all the neighborhood who drank daily of a more precious wine of life than he. An angel had come into his house, disguised as a sick, helpless, and miserable child, and filled its dreary chambers with the sunshine of love.

THE IDEAL WOMAN.—To make an ontery and roll up our eyes because a woman lectures at all, is fol-de-rol. If we can go to a theater and look at a woman falling into the arms of men, and to the opera, and be perfectly delighted while half-dressed women dance and sing, when a woman dressed in decent apparel stands before us speaking sensibly and eloquently, we ought to be able to listen without being very much shocked, or making too great an ado about her being out of her 'sphere.' God has made a minority of women as restless and as ambitious as men; women who chafe and are miserable unless they find occupation and a career outside of their affections. Of course you don't want to marry such a woman, Mr. Homebird, you would have a sorry time if you did; yet such women fill their own place, and do their own work in the world, nevertelless. Why should we fret at them? The world's old beloved ideals are not easily displaced. The Pythoness may shriek from her tripod, but we still fall down and worship the ancient divinity of womanhood. The invading woman, while she sharpens antagonism, may challenge admiration, but she cannot dethrone in our hearts the women of our daily life, the mother who taught us to pray, whose name is a talisman to keep us from evil; the sister whose love is pure as that of the angels; the wife who is ours through all change, cheering the tired heart when it faints, and the tired feet when they falter, giving her life to perpetuate our life, living for us and our children; the friend whose subtle intuition stands to us for wisdom, whose unconscious purity holds us aloof from sin, whose faith in us impels us toward a higher manhood, whose fine femininity in its golden strength holds inviolate the essence of womanhood; fervor, tenderness and inspiration. Mannish woman and womanish men will jostle together till the day of judgment, but these women of our homes, with their tender voices and gentle eyes, will hold the deeper heart and destinies of the race till the end of time.

☞ Three things are essential to happiness, namely: Something to do, something to love, and something to hope for.

Things Wise and Otherwise.

☞ An odd bit of dialogue appears in a novel now publishing in a French paper.

'Where is your husband?' asks a gentleman.

'He went out to buy a cigar,' replies the lady.

'Has he been gone long?'

'Eighteen years.'

'He is quite right,' remarks the gentleman, philosophically, 'he wants to choose a good one.'

☞ Lord Shaftsbury on one occasion was examining the girl's school, and just as he was about to take leave, he addressed a girl somewhat older than the rest, and among other things inquired:

'Who made your vile body?'

'Please, my lord,' responded the unsophisticated girl, 'Betsy Jones made my body, but I made the skirt myself.'

— 'Charley, my dear, won't you have some beans?'

'No,' was the ill-mannered reply of the petulent cherub.

'No,' exclaimed the astonished mother. 'No what?'

'No beans,' said the child.

— There is nothing that so cheers an evening, or so chases away dull care—there is no better way of spending the early closing day—than in the enjoyment of music. It is humanizing; it is soothing; it cultivates all the happier and pleasanter emotions of the heart.

— An old batchelor says, of all the solemn hours he ever saw, that occupied in going home one dark night from the widow Beans, after being told by her daughter Sally that he 'needn't come again,' was the most solemn.

— In Sacramento, recently, a woman procured the release of her husband from jail, and that night ran off with another fellow. Her object in procuring her husband's release was to leave some one with the children.

— A Dutchman, a few days ago, picked up a bound volume of documents, on the back was stamped 'Pub. Does.' 'Teifel,' said he, 'vat kinder books will they brint next? As I lif, here ish one on *pup dogs.*

— Speaking of the 'undeveloped wealth of the country,' a loafer said that was exactly his position; he possessed vast resources—was very rich—but his wealth was undeveloped.

— A lover wrote thus to his sweetheart: 'Delectable darling, you are so dulcet that honey would blush in your presence, and green treacle stand appalled.'

— The wife of a German surgeon died lately in Paris; and, when some friends came to condole with the 'bereaved one,' they found him busily engaged in dissecting her body.

— Young people contemplating marriage should be careful not to make delusive impressions upon each others minds. Do your courting in your every day clothes, and without paint.

— The Mayor of a Western town proposes to kill half the dogs in the place, and tan their hides with the *bark* of the other half.

— What is the difference between a summer dress in winter and an extracted tooth? One is too thin, the other tooth out.

— There is a phrenologis in London who can tell the contents of a barrel by examining the head. He makes the examination with a gimlet.

— Sawdust pills would effectually cure many of the diseases with which mankind are afflicted, if every individual would make his own saw-dust.

— What islands in the Mediterranean remind you of women at sea? The Cyclades, (sick ladies.)

— We look for a woman to be tender, although according to the Scripture, she was made out of a *bone.*

—Herod's wife is siad to have been like a Fenian organization, because she had a head sent her, (head-centre.)

— It may be well to go your own way, but you had better first see that you have a way to go.

— Always be as witty as you can with your parting bow—your last speech is the one remembered.

— A handsome young lady being asked if she ever gave a kiss, replied, 'No; but I quite often have one stolen.'

— Most men work for the present, a few for the future. The wise work for both.

— In Demerara, every one has the title of 'Esquire' that wears shoes and stockings.

— Deeds are masculine, and words are feminine; letters are of the neuter gender.

— Mean spirits under disappointment, like small beer in a thunder-storm, always turn sour.

— Why is a lawyer like an undertaker? Because he prepares cases and nails his victims.

☞ A beautiful woman who loves compliments is, in nine cases out of ten a fool.

— What causes, cures and pays for a cold? A draught.

— When is an undertaker like one of his jobs? When he's a coughin.'

☞ We publish the following as a specimen of what it costs to live on the Frontier. The bill is a true one, and the articles purchased are simply necessaries. Here's a fine opening for a temperance society:

We two cans oysters, @ $1 50	$3 00	
" 1 bottle whisky	3 00	
" 1 bottle brandy	3 00	
" 1 bottle whisky $1 50 (Irish) 1 bottle brandy $3 00	5 50	
" 1 undershirt $4 00, 1 bot. brandy $3 00	7 00	20 50
" 2 bottles whisky $5 00	5 00	
" 1 do do $1 50 1 pack cards 1 00	2 50	
" 2 over-shirts 3 00 1 qt. whisky 3.00	14 00	
" 2 under-shirts	3 00	
" 1 qt. whisky	2 00	31 50

—Spanish advices say that the insurgent General Prim remains between Andalusia and the Portuguese frontier.

Reading for the Young.

Gaspar Morgan's Temptation.

Cold, hungry and ragged was Gasper Morgan as he stood looking in at a famous bake shop in Boston. His little cold nose was flattened against the great window pane, his blue fingers were thrust into pockets that had seen better days, and his bare toes just touched the frosty pavement as he stretched up, gazing wistfully at the temptingly-arrayed 'goodies.' Within, John, the baker's boy, was busily dealing out hot loaves and nice, fresh cakes to the crowd of customers.

'Oh, ain't them cakes jolly!' cried Gasper, in his delight, forgetting himself and speaking aloud. 'Wouldn't I like to be a baker's boy! Oh, my If 'twas only me. Chackie!' and Gaspar executed a gymnastic in anticipation, and then put his face to the window again. He was so busy talking to himself that he did not notice the mirth of a little old man, almost hidden in a huge fur overcoat, who was standing in the shadow near by.

'Oh, dear!' sighed Gasper, as he saw a servant loading a basket. '

Racine Journal.

WM. L. UTLEY, Editor.

RACINE, FEB. 14th, 1866.

Elopement Extraordinary.

The Milwaukee *News* a few days since, was in extacies about the elopement of President Johnson. It is astonishing how these Democratic libertines glory in their shame. Well, if the story is true, which we hardly credit, Johnson is not the first second-hand President the Democracy have seduced and destroyed. Old John Tyler was the first to succumb to their fascinating wiles. The next was Millard Filmore, and the fate of those two old political strumpets, who left the path of virtue to wander in the abominations of Democracy, should be a warning to Mr. Johnson; the democrats like the treason, yet they despise the traitor, and it is only to satisfy their present desires and ends that they have expended so much perfumery and bear's grease in their political toilette, in order to seduce the President, if indeed he has fallen. His charms will be too much faded at the end of the four years to be at all satisfactory to the free-loving Democracy, and he will be sent to the poor house of oblivion, where his illustrious predecessors have gone. Of course, he can never expect to get back into respectable society again, and the Democrats won't have him after allowing himself to be defiled by them. They won't have no confidence in him. Now, we don't believe a word of this yarn, but if it is true, we can tell his fortune without looking in his hand. After all, we have to confess that he has not worked well for some time in our harness. He doesn't pull every time on all the loads we put up for him, and a good many of our people think we have loaded him too heavy, and that may have put him in the notion of looking over to the Democratic *sled*, for that has not got anything on it. In the way of punishing treason and traitors they are running perfectly light, so far as that subject is concerned. Oh, shaw! this yarn has all been got up to make us say something mean about Johnson. You can't come it. We know where all the offices come from now days.

Fenians.

The movement that is being made under the above title is bringing before us once more the Irish literature, the poems and songs of "a hundred years ago." The beautiful poem, "Shamus O'Brien," which we publish on the outside of our paper this week, we found in the New York *Clipper*. We do not know who was the author of it. Whoever he was, he thoroughly understood the character of that peculiar people, the Irish, which, as a general thing, is so little understood. We know it is common to curse the Irish, and we have felt like it ourselves sometimes when they would vote the democratic ticket against reason; but, after all, there is something about the Irish character that we admire. We are not up for office, and never expect to be, and if we were, we should expect they would play off on us, as they have done before; therefore, we have no selfish motive in saying that we love the Irish character; not the little tricks that oppression and hardships of every kind have almost forced them to adopt. They have learned those things in the school of adversity. Notwithstanding all these little matters, which are only incidental, there are gems in the Irish character as bright and as holy as the light that shone from heaven. What nation of women is more pure and holy in their love to their husbands than the very lowest order of Irish women? No matter how bad that may be, she is true to him, and will cling to him and declare that he is one of the best creatures in the world when he is not bad. There is a fountain of fun and cheerfulness in the Irish character that years of oppression and want has never been able to drive from it. Though sorrow may gush in thro' every crevice of his lowly cabin, hope never leaves it.

We have read this poem over and over, from the fact that the whole character of the Irish people is so truthfully sketched in it. Patriotism, that years of oppression has never tarnished; courage, that never pales in the presence of death; a love of country and kindred, as undying as immortality—and over, and under, and all through, lies a rich vein of humor that will burst out through the most poignant grief; it makes no difference whether it be at a wedding, a fair, a wake, or in the deadly strife. It is all the same. One Irish man to a regiment is enough to keep up the spirits of a whole batallion.

Shamus O'Brian was one of these peculiar creatures that the Irish people worship. There was no sacrifice they would not make for him if they could aid him. Yet, when he was about to die upon the scaffold, old Tim Mulvaney declares there was never such fun since the days of Noah's ark. "Sutch fun and divarses!" Until Shamus made his appearance, on his way to the gallows. Then the fountains of grief were opened, and when he once broke loose from the minions of the law, and sought protection among the common people, he was as safe as he would have been with legions of warriors at his back, for at that moment of excitement they would do and dare everything for their favorite.

That there are traitors among the Irish cannot be denied, and that many of them are trickey; be it said to their shame. But they are not the only people that are trickey.—But, on the whole, the Irish are a mighty people, mighty in intellect, and mighty in physical developement, and in a strange combination of all the human passions in their extreme. We should like to see Ireland free. They have cherished the hope for seven hundred years that their day of redemption would come, and in the mighty efforts that are being made to accomplish the work, they have our prayers, but not our hopes.

Speech of Hon. H. E. Paine.

We shall try and lay before our readers next week, the very able speech of General Paine, the Representative from this district; we look upon it as the most clearly defined speech we have seen on that side of the reconstruction question. He has not attempted to cover all the ground of reconstruction, but confined himself closely to the points of difference, concerning the position of the rebel States at the close of the strife. We should like to publish all the great speeches on that subject, but most of them are so very long, it is impossible to do so and leave room for anything else. Gen. Paine's views coincide with those of Senator Howe in his two great speeches.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.—We are under obligations to Senators Howe and Doolittle, for copies of their great speeches, also to Hon. H. E. Paine for Public Documents.

Our Jugville Correspondence.

NUMBER THREE.

JUGVILLE, OHIO, February the 9th, 1866.

Deer Bill— ill be dumd if I dont think weve got him arter all. you know when I wrote to you afore I was clean discouraged, but I must say it looks a little better now. *Nemo mortalium omnibus horis sapit*, as the Lattins hev it, which menes, no one is wise at all times. thats a sound maxim. no one is wise enuff tu tell what is goin tu take place perilitically. for my life on me, I could not see how Johnson could make up his mind tu desort them as took him up and put him where he is, and jine in with them as has done every thing they cood agin him. its a leetle tu christian like tu be real in these sinful times, and, Bill, I must say its a dain good tu them as dont deserve it. its true as prechin. and, as Lovel Green ses, it shows that hede never bin where he was, if he hadent thot it was the best, and safest place tu be at that time. ses Lovel, ses he: "what kind of a man is this you are so tickled about getin? didnt he desert his own peple when tha was in a scrape, and du every thing he cood agin um? didnt he jine with thare enimies, and rejoice when tha licked his own peple? and didnt the enimes of his own peple take him up and make him president, and now dont he desart them as made him president, and go back tu his own peple, tu sort of make up with um, and a tryin tu make um belaive hes bin thare frend all the time? of course tha no what it is all for, and tha dont like him enny better then tha ever did, but tha like what he can du for um. and," ses he, alookin rite on me, "thats the way with all you secesh chaps. you dont care nothin about Johnson, but you like what he can du for you." ses he, "what become of John Tyler and Millerd Filmore, who dezarted thare frends and went over tu you? what did you du for um? didnt you turn um over to everlastin disgrace, as soon as thare time was out? you didnt want um no more, did you? you wont want Mr. Johnson enny more. you hev had his treson, and thats all you democrats want of enny body, is thare treson. its your song by day, and your dreme by nite. you encourage it in comunitis, and you encourage it in individuals. for instaus," ses he, "every man weve hed tu come down on for his wekeness tords the rebels, it didnt make enny diference whether it was a big officer or sivilian, youd take him up and make a martir on him. its case you like treson. you are linked in with that same old trator that got up the row in heven, you are of your father, the devil, and his works you will du, and nobody cant stop you. but you ort tu learn tu trate your traters better than you hev, coose byrne by thale get scoery on you, and you wont be able tu get enny more of these come-by-chans presidents, and you cant never elect enny of your own. you are a reglar cuckoo party. you lay your egs in sombody elses nest. you hev stole three presidents within the last 20 yeres, but its good enuff for us. the republicans hev always acted like fools when thave tried tu be cunnin. I admit, weve got sum of the taronlist fools in our party of enny party in the world. sitch men as Horis Grely, and sum others, tha are the smartest foolish men, and the foolishest smart men that ever cussed the party. it is such kind of men that are always wantin tu take some doutful man from your side, and tha se now whats come of it. What hed Mr. Hamlin dun that he must be droped? nothin. but sum of these cunnin cuses thot it would be smart to get on a suthern man. tha mite a knone he would never hev enny northern principles in tu him. but," says he, "I dont think youve got Johnson yet. he is tu smart tu be caught in sitch company. but if you hev you haint got much."

O, he went on dredfully. but I swan, he told a good deal of truth. but hese the awfulist Black Republican I ever seed. We was sittin in Bill Hodges store at the time, and I looked down the Road, and I seed Decon Centre a comin, and I wos mity glad, for he can arger rite agin truth, but I cant du it.

When he cum intu the store his face was all agloe. "well," ses he, "Squire, what do you think now?" ses I, "Decon, I spose I think prety much as you du, or orto. we both belong tu the same party. but," ses I, "what do you mene, Decon?" "Mene?" ses he, "haint you hered wede got him?" "get who?" ses I, "and what has he stole?" ses he, "weve got Johnson, and hese stole the republican party." here Lovel spoke up, and ses he, "he didnt steel their principles, for if he had tuched um it would a killed him, as quick as it did the unsanctified prests that undertook tu tote the ark of the covenant." the Decon looked awful mad, but didnt say eny thing, for he node that Lovel was a dredful critter tu arger. "But," ses I, "how du you kno you hev got him?" ses he, "why, haint you red his spech tu the niggers? if you haint, Ile read it tu you." and so he took out the Cincinati *Enqirer* and read the whole thing; how the niggers went thare and what tha sed tu the President, and what the President sed tu the niggers. and I must sa, Bill, I didnt think nigers could talk so well. but when Johnson come tu reply, I sed wede got him. When the Decon cum tu the part where he tells the nigers how he had sacrificed his life, and his property, and every thing he had on arth, for them, the decon coodent stand it no longer. he bust rite out a cryin. "O," ses he, "tu think, after all he has dun and is still duin for the niger, the niger should fale tu se it, as them nigers did, it proves clerely that a niger haint equal tu a white man in intellect." here Lovel coodent stand it eny longer, and ses he, "I dont kno whether a niger has got enny intellect or not. if he haint, hese got sumthing just as good, and sumthing the President seemed mity fraid on tu. you se, he darent let the nigger come in on the argument at all. when theyd go to speke he hadnt got quite thrue. but," ses Lovel, "you democrats, of all other men ort tu be down on Johnson after that spech." The decon was mad, and ses he, "Mr. Green I defy you to show won word that a democrat can find fault with." Decon Center," ses Lovel, "you went deny but what you sympathised with the south during the war. I dont think all the democrats did; squire Worlow didnt. but the party lened that way." "no," ses the decon, "I wont deny but what I was with the south durin thare truble, and I was glad every time the north got licked. it was a black abolition war, and tha had no bisness down thare. but what has that tu du with it?" "It has a good deal tu du with it," ses Lovel. "mebby you didnt notice what Johnson ses about goin in on tother side. he ses, 'I had every inducement tu goin on tother side, and if I hed,' ses he, 'I would hev acomplished, perhaps, all the most ambishious mite hev desired,' menin that if hede went in on tother side wede a bin licked, and you follers wood come out, abed. now, can you forgive him for not duin it?"

The decon turned pale, and I sede Lovel hed got him. ses he, "I want tu se Brant Clark a minit, and," ses he, "Ile see you agin on this subject, Mr. Green," and as he left the store we herd him sa, "weve got him." And I expect thats so, Bill.

Quantum mutatus ab illio, as the Lattins hev it, which menes, How changed from what he wonce was. O Bill, Iae shocked when I look at the diveltry there is in all parties, yourn as well as mine. theres none thatl du good, none of um are tryin tu du the country and the peple enny good. tha are all to work for party. somtimes, when I get tu thinkin these things over, I cum tu the conclusion that Ile du what is rite anyhow, but when I cum tu se that Ive got tu leve the old party behind if I du, my curage fales. I cant leve the old party, you se. Ive never fell. I think, when a man has become so lost as tu leve the old democratic party he is prepared for almost eny thing in the way of stratigems and spiles, and the spiles is what a good menny leve it for. I se you kinder stand by Johnson. rather cold support, Bill. I like your way of sayin what you are a mind tu, anyhow, but it hit who it will. Ile try and write a little mor often, but Ethelenly Ruth has bin sick, and Ive hed tu be up a good deal. I haint seen Gore and your brother Alf and the rest of the democrats, since we got Johnson. Adue.

SQUIRE WORLOW.

actin justis of the pese in Jugvill.

Correspondence.

WATERFORD, Jan. 31, 1866.

Col. Utley—Dear Sir:—What political screw is loose in the old engine at Racine that the County officials are running? I don't find any Probate notices in the JOURNAL, and I might say no Legal advertisements. Perhaps it is thought by some that the numerous readers of your paper never die, or if they do, they have no estates left to settle, so that it would be useless to have such documents as Probate Notices published in your paper again. No sales on execution appear, or foreclosure of mortgage, publication of service of summons, &c. The latter class of advertisements are necessary only in communities unlike ours, who live honestly and pay promptly, &c. I suppose no such proceedings are had in our county. Friend Bill, I am half inclined to think you did not vote right, but never mind, this old political engine is fitted for a double track, with driving wheels at each end; she is always headed right, so no turn-tables are needed to change her about, only turn on the steam and she will go through and come to a halt only when the fuel is exhausted.—Something depends on the will of the conductors, and they are often changde; freight and passage on this old road is said to be secure, consequently high, for the officers of the company must live, if widows, orphans and all the rest of mankind starve, not excepting the printer.

Now, Colonel, something must be done. Your patrons, I see, advertise quite freely, and some of the readers of your paper would like to see an occasional Legal advertisement, could you not copy an old one from some of your exchanges?

Yours, &c., S.

P. S.—Shall expect to see you at Burlington, Feb. 5th, at the Agricultural meeting.

See here, you chaps out there in the west part of the county must not ask too many questions, you will make somebody mad. Don't you know we are all liable to be taken away by death at any time, and haven't you any regard for your orphan children? Keep still; voting wrong and talking are punishable offences in some courts. There are two reasons why we do not get more of some kinds of advertisements and notices. The first is too small to mention unless we are forced to it. The other is that our circulation is too large. Never mind, the day of judgment, although it may be a good ways off, is sure to come, and we are inclined to think that there are some *small things* that may disappear after that transpires. We are taking notes for the trial, and hope our numerous readers will bear with us in this matter; and we have to say to them, that if there is any probate notices about which they feel interested, let us know what it is, and we will copy it, as our paper is the only one that circulates in that vicinity.

For the Racine Journal.

Col. Utley—Dear Sir:—Please allow a small space to reply to Mr. "Pelts" in your last issue. I am sorry that this house-skulker disregarded the rules of courtesy in his answer to my "article on wool," by making his personal attack upon me and trying to injure me as well in my integrity as in my property. "If your long-winded correspondent, W. G. Roberts, would spend his time in putting up his own wool in better order, and encourage others to do the same, it would be of more benefit to the wool-growers than such trash as he writes for the papers. Now, Mr. Pelts, whoever you may be, you must know that you *lie* when you insinuate that my wool is fraudulently put up. Every man that ever bought my wool, will admit that it is honestly and properly made up. What I don't tie up myself, I always give strict orders to put nothing inside of a fleece but what should be there. That pile of dirt you alluded to, in the new factory, came from that certain lot of wool sent in from Iowa, I suppose, was it so, Doctor? So much in way of self-defense. At some future day I shall define my views in regard to putting up wool, a subject that is going to be of grave consequence to the farmers as well as to the manufacturers, and I will guarantee to Mr. Pelts beforehand, that we shall not disagree in this matter.

In regard to that "*trash*," I will say to Mr. Pelts, be it trash or not, it has caused a great stir through this state and elsewhere. The officers of the Wool-Growers Association of this state, have called the members to meet at Fond du Lac on the 13th of this month, to take in consideration the propriety of making some move in the direction suggested in that trash of mine. The state of Illinois meets on the 21st, at Bloomington, thus you see, Mr. Pelts, that your old pelt stands in a great deal more danger of being shorn of what little wool you may have to keep you from freezing this winter with these sharpers after you, than there is for me to be "hanged by the heft of your taggs."

W. G. ROBERTS.

Introduction of Generals to the House of Representatives.

"Maj. Gen. Osterhaus was formally introduced to the House. Speaker made a brief speech, to which Gen. Osterhaus responded, and was greeted with applause. The members were then personally introduced to him. Gen. Crook was also introduced, and responded.

After the reception of Gens. Osterhaus and Cook by the House, Mr. Smith of Kentucky said that, at the beginning of the war, there were in the Western country some gentlemen who took sides with the Government, and who were prompt to hurry to the defence of the country. There was here present one of these men from his own State, in whome he had the greatest confidence, and for whom he had the greatest admiration, and who went into the war at its commencement to uphold the banners of the Republic, and fought throughout the contest. He marched with Sherman's army to the sea.—He desired that Maj. Gen. Ward might be introduced to the House.

A recess of five minutes was granted, and Maj. Gen. Ward was conducted to the stand by the Speaker.

The Speaker said that when the storm clouds of war burst over the land, the hearts of all loyal people were soon warmed toward these brave men who stood by the imperilled flag. As they had just heard from the gentleman from Kentucky (Smith,) the gentleman at his side, Gen. Ward, was one of these men to whom the country does honor. He had therefore, the greatest pleasure in introducing him to the House. [Applause.]

Gen. Ward cordially thanked the House for the honor received at their hands. When that unnatural and terrible rebellion was brought on, he resolved, in the inmost recesses of his heart, to sustain the republic. He never, during that contest, laid down his arms, but he had new returned to civil life, and among the evidences of friendship extended to him he should ever highly cherish in greatful remembarance the the kindness and friendship expressed for him here to-day. [Applause.]"

We are pleased to notice that among other generals, our old friend, Maj. Gen. Ward has had the honor of being introduced into the House of Representatives. He is a brave and noble man, and loyal clear through although he lives in Kentucky. We were side by side with him in the same division, from the time we faced up on the enemy at Ringold to the taking of Kenesaw Mountain and Marietta. We always admired the man, and know of no one we would be more pleased to meet.

Wisconsin Legislature.

MADISON, Feb. 10, 1866.

SENATE.—BILLS PASSED—To incorporate the Wisconsin Petroleum Company of Palmyra.

Speaker Barron's joint resolution instructing representatives in Congress to favor a grant of land to construct a ship canal from Lake superior to Portage lake, was taken up and concurred in unanimously.

A special order for an insurance bill was taken up, but the Senate adjourned before a vote was had on it.

THE PORTAGE LAKE AND LAKE SUPERIOR SHIP CANAL.

Mr. Speaker Barron's joint resolution of yesterday, was adopted, as follows:

WHEREAS, The construction of the proposed railroads from Hudson so Bayfield, and From St. Paul to Superior City, are progressing, and when completed, will open the agricultural districts of our State to the markets of the East by water communication by way of the lakes, thus encouraging one of our most productive sources of domestic income; and

WHEREAS, The improvement of the navigation of Lake Superior becomes important to us as a means of promoting the interests of our producers and consumers, of increasing the commerce of the lakes, encouraging the industry of our citizens, and adding to the wealth of Wisconsin and the nation; therefore

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That it becomes our duty to approve and commend the devotion of time, talent, skill and labor, and the expenditure of capital, to facilitate the transit of vessels over these waters, to remove natural obstructions by the appliances of art, to designate to navigators the danger to the voyager, and show how they may be avoided, to survey the distances by the proper observations of the true channels, to mark out new routes by which time and distance may be saved, and by all proper means to extend and enlarge the commerce of those great inland seas, which are to us of the West what the oceans is to our fellow-countrymen of the Atlantic States.

Resolved, That the construction of a ship canal across the base of Keweenaw Point from Lake Superior to Portage lake, will promote these objects; and we declare our approval of that measure as one of public usefulness, worthy of our encouragement and designed to promote the greatest welfare.

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be requested to aid by all judicious and wise means, by a grant of public lands, and such means as their judgment may approve, the speedy completion of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Canal.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to forward to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions.

LIST OF EMPLOYEES.

A communication was received from the Secretary of State, in reply to a resolution, transmitting a list of employeees about the city and capitol, their fees, &c. The list is as follows:

Employees in Executive department,	3
" Sec'y of State's office,	6
" State Treasurer,	10
" Land department,	11
" Adj't Gen'l's office,	7
" Cank comptroller,	3
" Sup't public instruction,	1
" Supreme Court,	2
" Senate,	30
" Assembly,	42
" Sup't public property,	37
" State historical society,	2
" Att'y Gen'l's offise,	1
" Q. M. General,	3
" State librarian,	1
Total employees,	162

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Mosher—To establish uniform R. R. tariff on freight and passengers.

By Mr. Bennett—To regulate the reception and delivery of freight on railroads.

Mr. Coleman—To incorporate the Northern railroad company, and confer upon it a portion of the lands granted by Congress in aid of Railroads.

Mr. Cameron, to incorporate the La Crosse Mining and Lead Company.

Mr. Hadley—A communication in reference to the proposed amendments to the charter of the city of Milwaukee.

BILLS, ETC., PASSED.

To change the time of holding courts in the 10th judicial district.

Memorial to congress for the improvement of the rapids of the Mississippi river.

To legalize acts of Wm. H. Hater, a minor of Vernon county.

To incorporate the Western Insurance company.

To establish a State road from Sparta, Monroe county, to Ontario, Vernon county.

To provide for a state agency to collect back dues of soldiers.

TTo enable the city of Racine to levy a special tax for school purposes.

To incorporate the Racine Social Gymnastic Association.

The bill to abolish the office of quartermaster general was indefinitely postponed.

House in committee at the close of this report.

— A very curious historical fact was hinted at by Mr. Johnson in his speech to the men of color on Wednesday. It is that he was invited by the leaders of the rebellion to become their chief. As he expressed it, he perilled in the war his life, liberty and property, "when I had every inducement held out to me to take the other course, by which I would have accomplished, perhaps, all that the most ambitious could have desired." Can this mean anything else than that the place occupied by Jeffersen Davis was first offered to Andrew Johnson? What other place beside that of Davis could have opened such attractions to ambition? And does Mr. Johnson wish us to understand that if he had had the management of the rebellion it might have resulted very differently? This part of his speech is certainly provocative of curiosity. It should either have been made more explicit or committed altogether.—*Chicago Republican.*

— The original draft of President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation belongs to the New York State Library. It is partly in Mr. Lincoln's hand writing, and partly in that of Mr. Seward, the quotations of laws being printed. It was given by Mr. Lincoln to the Albany Sanitary Fair, where it was raffled for and drawn by Gerritt Smith, who gave it to the Sanitary Commission, from which it was purchased by the State of New York.

— A surveyor near Waynesburg, Pa., lately found a stone by the roadside marked "Due east 2 4 6." Two rods, four feet six inches from that spot he found an iron box; a few feet underground, filled with silver coin. On the other side of the lucky stone was, "Due west," with the same figures; and at the same distance from it a secon box, like the other, filled with gold coin. When the money was put there, or who did it, is a mystery.

"Position of the South."

Under the above caption the leading organ of the anti-war Democracy yesterday made an exceedingly ludicrous demonstration. It being with the roar of the lion, and closed with a whine that had some of the ninth day's strength and intelligence about it.—Speaking of the treatment the present Radical Congress is inflicting on those who were lately in arms against the Government, it startled its readers with the bold annunciation that the Representatives of the loyal States should "understand at once that the utmost limit of Southern forbearance and concession has been reached," and with a few incoherent growls, finished mildly and rather more wisely with the "judicious counsel" to its allies and friends, "that a masterly inactivity on the part of the South in everything but their own internal concerns will do more than anything else to promote a restoration of the Union, the peace of the country, and the prosperity of the people." It is difficult to see the connection or relevancy between these extreams—threat of defiance and revolt, and the gentle advice of submission and acquiescence—but as the two elements neutralized each other, and leave no residium of a dangerous or alarming character, it may be considered as a harmless evanescence, which signifies nothing.—We cannot but regret, however, that this "judicious counsel" has been so long delayed. If the reminder now given to the rebels, that "they need care little that they are excluded from participation in the management of National affairs, if they will but fix their attention on the home duties which lie before them," had only been enunciated in Verandah Hall, or when the Boy-Fogies were arranging their programme of reconstruction, some good might have been effected.

In this connection, we may be permitted to express our confidence in the *similia similibus curantur* system, as applied to cases of political erysipelas. So far it has worked wonders. General B. F. Butler administered a few pellets, of the second trituration, a few days since, in the National Hall of Representatives, and we have heard nothing since of the "Beast," the "Thief," or the yet gentler epithets with which the orators and press were in the habit of breaking out all over with which they had occasion to allude to that distinguished gentleman. In answer to the charge that he had stolen cotton and other merchandise, he simply recommended, on the occasion alluded to, that Southern lands should be given to the Union braves who had rescued that section from the grasp of the rebellion, observing in his sententious style to those who might wish to know where he would select the domain for the purpose: "I would cross the Potomac, begin at Arlington, and measure South." That dose was enough, and not a "Beast" blotch on the skin of the sympathizers has been discovered since. We have all witnessed a remarkable cure, within a brief period, in this immediate neighborhood. The Babcocks fever raged tremendously, and the most scabby names were applied to a member of the Legislature. Besides being the murderer of a whole family in the southern part of the State, the honorable gentleman was stigmatized as a counterfeiter and a horse thief. The case was fast verging to madness and dissolution, when the system of "like cures like" was brought to the rescue, and no body has heard of Babcocke, in connection with the heinous offences charged to his account, since.

The loyal members of Congress are acting on the same principal. It will be remembered that at the breaking out of the rebellion the Representatives of the South were taken with a wild delirium—an irrepressible disposition to vacate their seats. They backed down the aisles of the House and the Senate with pathetic farewells, and the most touching manners, and hurried off to their constituents to accept similar positions under the Confederacy—so called—or to lead the armed legions of secession against the Government they had sworn to protect and defend. Their leader—then in the Senate—apostrophized the old flag in a most interesting style, and declared that though he was called upon to fold it away, he would frequently look upon its stars and stripes with admiration because of the honors which Southern and Northern valor combined had enriched it. The flag waves over Fortress Monroe, and that leader is under its protection. He may not yet learn to respect it, and the Representatives from the South may in time estimate more highly than heretofore the honors of an admission to the National council.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

The Great Michigan Fox Hunt.

Correspondence of The Chicago Republican.

KALAMAZOO, Feb. 5, 1866.

The sportsman of Michigan are preparing for a grand hunt next week. From 40 to 60 dogs will be engaged in the chase. The hunt will commence on the morning of the 14th of Febuary, on an island on Portage creek and Root's marsh, four miles south of the village, where there are plenty of animals, both red and gray. Foxes started from the above point make south, several miles, and circle in the neighborhood of Austin's and Ground Neck lake, where, if not caught by the pack, or driven to "mother earth," they will undoubtedly be shot on the runways. The parties to the chase will therefore stay the first night at the hotel on Austin's lake (kept by John R. Hawkins,) seven miles from Kalamazoo. On the morning of the 15th the chase will start on the east side of Long lake, about one mile from Hawkin's, and will continue in that vicinity all that day. In the evening we shall return to Kalamazroo after some foxes that have been secured for that purpose, the foxes to have some two or three hours' start. At the wind-up of this chase we have arranged to have a barbacue of wild deer and other forest game. In the evening an organization of the "Sportsman's Club of the State of Michigan" will be perfected, officers for the same chosen, and the place of meeting for the year 1867 agreed upon. It is the intention to make this organization perpetual. As this organization is in its infancy, and unknown to many sportsmen, it will not be so generally participated in by them this year as it probably will be in the future. The object of this meeting and organization is to bring sportsmen together each year, for the purpose of discussing all matters relating to the game laws, the dog and gun, fishing, and kindred topics of interest.

SPORTSMAN.

— The *Maury County Herald*, a journal of Tennessee, denounces common schools with great energy. "The direct tendency of all common schools," says *The Herald*, "is to weaken the ties and lessen the influence of the family. What the South needs, then, is some wise system, which while it teaches a reasonable amount of reading and writing, and ciphering, will preserve the moral and social integrity of her character. This system to be administered by men who are themselves honored types of that character. We do not want free schools." It is needless to add that this journal is a advocate of pardoning Jefferson Davis, and of immediately admitting the rebel States to a full share in the government of the Union.—*Chicago Republican.*

CLIPPINGS.

— A Man recently broke off a marriage engagement because the lady did not possess good conversational powers. A wicked editor, commenting on the facts, saying:

"He should have married her and then refused her a new bonnet, to have developed her powers of talk."

"That Tea" that every body talks about is to be found at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— In the castles and palaces of the ancient ex-nobility of France, the tapestry frequently presents memorials of their pride of ancestry. On the tapestry of an apartment in the place of the ex-Duke of Choiseul is a representation of the deluge, in which a man is seen running after Noah and calling out, "My good friends, save the archives of the Choiseul family."

Princess of Wales Young Hyson at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— Parisians are just learning to skate. A skaters' club has been formed which consists of members of the most aristocratic circles, of Paris. The skating pond was formed by making an excavation 300 yards long, 60 yards wide, and 18 inches deep, lined entirely with cement.

The choicest old Govt. Java at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— "Three thousand of the finest poems in the English language" are being collected, and will be published in one volumne in London, for Christmas.

Sugars two cents lower than any other house in town at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A Young Italian lady daughter of a farmer near Monteforte in the province of Avellina, recently stabbed to death the notorious bandit Muisa, who had broken into her father's house and was treated there to some refreshments, as a matter of protection against his murderous intentions. While the young girl approached him under the pretext of taking from him an empty plate, she stabbed him with her stiletto so effectively that death ensued immediately. The reward of five thousand francs offered by the authorities for his capture, has been paid to the plucky girl.

Look at the enormous stock of fancy goods at Thorpe & Gorten's old stand.

— The Sultan has ordered the French painter, M. Guillemenet, to paint his portrait. It is against all Turkish rule and custom to have pictures taken; they are used to looking on them as a kind of idols. But reform is the watchword of our age, and the stationary Ottoman Porte tries to come up to the mark. No doubt Europe will soon be treated with the enchanting photographs of the belles of the Imperial harem.

They are bound to keep the best goods in town at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— The father of General Grant being questioned as to the early characteristics of his son replied: "Never saw him show his grit but once, and that was trying to break a vicious colt. It was a tough fight, but the colt had to surrender.

Fresh browned coffee every day at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A story is told of an inveterate drinker, who signed the temperance pledge, but was found soon after inbibing as freely as ever. To his friends who remonstrated with him, he replied that the document which he had signed was invalid, because it had no internal revenue stamp.

They use only fresh and pure drugs at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A lady who had read of the extensive manufacture of odometers, to tell how far a carriage had run, said she wished some Connecticut genous would invent an instrument to tell how far husbands had been in the evening when they had just step down to the Post Office.

All kinds of Patent medicins at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A society for facilitating matrimony and providing for the old age of the married, has been established at Wiesbaden, under the title, "The Matrimonial Treasury." The President is Herr Christian Karmer. The pair must have subscribed during their celibacy, and on giving the requisite security, a sufficient sum is paid the newly married to set up in life, with the proviso that a certain amount to refund and prepare for the future is annually subscribed.

Try the new fresh Perfumes at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A meeting of German ladies is to take place shortly, at Leipsic, to consider the means of giving girls a more independent position by educating them for various trades and professions. This has already been done, to a certain extent, in Germany. At Munich there is a commercial school for girls; at Leipsic girls are employed as compositors, and in Berlin as watchmakers.

The city Tea Mart is Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— Among the Hottentots, if a widowe marries again, she is obliged to cut off the joint of a finger for every husband she marries after the first; this she presents to her new husband on her wedding day, beginning at one of the little fingers.

Buy your Groceries at Thorpe & Gorton's old stand.

— A preacher once selected the following words for his text: "The world, the flesh and the devil." Observing that he would arrange each under its proper head, he would commence upon the flesh, pass lightely over the world, and hasten as fast as he could to the devil.

Drs. P. R. & A. H. HOY,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
Office Corner Main and Sixth Streets,
RACINE, WIS.
Racine, August 16th, 1865.—26-4m.

GET BOOTH'S
FRESH OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

New Advertisements.

LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE Post Office at Racine, State of Wisconsin, on February 14, 1866.

Berry, E A	McKenzie, James
Blinder, Richard	Miller, Jacob
Bohn, Peter	Muller, Hattie
Briery, John G	Mansfield, D.
Bell Edward	Novotne, Francis
Burns, Capt.	Pierce, Robert L
Blanchard, P W Dr	Pell, G S
Clark, James L	Perry, Daniel W.
Coleman, Dav	Pontoon, J S
Dawson, George F	Pride E S
Elkhart, H	Racine, Lannert
Forette, Mary Miss	Batters, J.
Fuller, Thomas A	Robinson, E S Miss
Finkleson, J	Richards, E
Gates, H G	Russel, Francis M
Garrabt, Barbara	Raidall, Addis
Hanson, Mary	Stevensers, Frank
Haines, M M S	Snyder, Frederick
Hockl gs, John	Scofield, Francis
Haas, Joseph	Sclander, Bogdinder
Hanson, F Mrs	Schenck, C C
Jensen, I J 2	Stuart, A
Kelley, John	Tregaser, Peter
Kaltenbuce, Adam	Thompson & Baker
Kale, John	Tierney, James
Kelly John S	Travis, Jacob
Leggert, Lavary B	Turtle, J.
Lentz, Molly Mrs	Vogt, Nicolaus
Larsen, J	Wandt, W B
Muhlman & Wankew	Welch, Samuel B
Manderrech, Nicolaus	Wise, C
Mertnack, John	Weber, V

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*advertised letters*," giving the date of this list and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

SHERIFF'S FORECLOSURE SALE.

State of Wisconsin—Circuit Court for Racine County.

Charles A. Koeffler, Plaintiff, against Frederick W. Becker, Ann Becker and Francis Reuschlein Defend'ts.

IN pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of the Circuit Court for the County of Racine, made and rendered in the above entitled action, will be sold under the direction of the subscriber, at public auction, at the Court House in the city of Racine, in the State of Wisconsin, on Thursday, the 5th day of April, A. D., 1866, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the County of Racine and State of Wisconsin, known and described as follows, to wit:

So much of that certain one hundred and sixty acres of land lying and being in the town of Burlington, in sections number four (4) and five (5) in township number two (3) of range number nineteen (19), in the County of Racine and State of Wisconsin, and covered in the year 1849 by Lorenzo Eastman to Marianna Becker, as lies west of the center line of the Burlington and Wheatland road; the parcel of land intended to be hereby conveyed containing one hundred and five acres, and being more particularly described as bounded by a line commencing at a point in the east line of the south-east quarter of said section No. five (5) in township No. two (3) of range No. nineteen (19), twenty (20) chains South of the East quarter stake of said Section No. five (5), and running thence North to said East quarter stake, twenty (20) chains, thence South eighty-nine (89), West twelve (12) chains and twenty (20) links, to a point; thence North fifteen (15) chains and sixty-one (61) links to a point, thence north seventy and three-fourths degrees (70¾°), East, twenty-one (21) chains and fifty-nine (59) links to said center line of said Burlington and Wheatland road; thence along to the said center line of said road, South, thirty degrees (30°), East fourteen (14) chains and forty (40) links, to a point; thence still along said center line of said road South, twenty degrees (20°) East, to the land owned by John Appleyard at the time of the conveyance of said one hundred and sixty acres by Lorenzo Eastman to said Marianna Becker, and thence West nineteen (19) chains and fifty-eight (58) links to the place of beginning. Terms Cash.

Dated at the Sheriff's office the 5th day of February, A. D., 1866.

FRANK SCHNEIDER, Sheriff of Racine County.

WALDO, ODY & VAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 7-feb14-7w.

For Sale or to Rent.

A first class Picture Car.
Address P. O. Box 509, Racine, Wis.
feb14-4w.

IF you want a good Pump, go to the
RACINE PUMP FACTORY
On Fourth Street and order one of Winship & Gilbert's
IMPROVED PUMPS,
the best in use. feb14-tf.

DR. W. PATTON,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon, begs to offer his professional services to the people of Racine and vicinity, and trusts by attention and care, to merit a share of their patronage.
Office over Thelen's Store, corner of Wisconsin and Sixth Streets. feb14-tf.

GEO. BULL & CO.,
Nos. 1 and 2 Sixth Street,
Are now offering their
LARGE STOCK
OF
DRY GOODS
at reduced prices for 30 days, preparatory to receiving their
SPRING STOCK.
Consisting in part of

Alapacca been selling at	1 50	now	1 00
Merino do do	2 00	do	1 00
Prints do do	83@30	do	25
Shawls do	do 12 00@14 00	do	10 00@12 00

Checks and all Dress Goods, the same discount.
Cloths and Cassemers also from four shillings to twelve shillings discount.
Flannels did sell at six shillings, now four to six shillings. Hosiery Gloves, and Notions same proportion

We reduce the price of our
GROCERY STOCK
also

Teas been selling at	2 25	now	2 00
do do	2 00	do	1 75
do do	1 75	do	1 50
do do	1 50

City & Local Matters.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 14, 1866.

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

	Departure of Trains.	*Closing of Mails*
Going South—	8.48 A. M.	8.15 A. M.
" "	5.42 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
Freight,	8.15 P. M.	
Going North—12.12 noon.		11.40 A. M.
" "	7.22 P. M.	7.00 P. M.
Freight,	2.25 A. M.	
Going West—10.00 A. M.		9.30 A. M.
" "	5.45 P. M.	5.15 P. M.
Freight,	8.30 P. M.	

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 26th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	*Arrive.*
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	3.45 P. M.
Night Passenger	4.30 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Woodstock Accommodation	8.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Janesville Passenger	6.15 P. M.	9.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.20 P. M.	9.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS.

Fulton and Cedar Rapids Pass.	8.15 A. M.	7.20 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	3.30 P. M.
Dixon Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford "	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Fox River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Geneva Accommodation	5.30 P. M.	8.40 A. M.
Iowa Express Passenger	7.00 P. M.	5.00 A. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.15 P. M.	1.20 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport going East Sunday night instead of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago Sunday night instead of Saturday. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

O. M. WHEELER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Sup't.

Advertisers will please to bring in their Advertisements as early as Tuesday Forenoon.

☞ Joy, Coe & Co., Publishers' Agents, Tribune Buildings, New York, Brown's Iron Building, Philadelphia, are authorized to contract for advertising in our paper.

Testimonial

To the memory of the late Nelson Pendleton, Esq.

Since it hath pleased God to remove from our earthly society our deceased friend and brother, Nelson Pendleton, Esq., it is with no formal deference to custom, but from a deep realization of his loss, that we, the rector, warden and vestry of St. Luke's church, place on record the following testimonials of his character and worth:

1st. We deplore his death because it takes from our community a useful citizen. None can assert that he sought exclusive his own. He had at heart whatever constituted to the public good. Having been from an early date a resident of our city, and identified with whatever could contribute to its prosperity, any measure for its benefit secured his ready co-operation. And therefore, those on whom the burdens of public enterprise naturally rest, feel his removal most sensibly, and particularly at this time, when his name is added too soon to the obituary list of prominent men that have within a year past been taken from our midst.

2nd. We deplore his death because of the benevolence of his character. The college, that is an ornament of our city, and distinguished abroad for its well-earned reputation as a first class educational institution, had in him a hearty and zealous supporter. Enterprises of benevolence elsewhere, the poor and needy at home, found in him a friend. Those of the humbler walks in life who often felt his sympathy, now sorrow his decease as a personal loss.

3d. We deplore his loss as a vestryman and parishioner. In a temporal sense, another pillar of our parochial edifice is broken. Although not until an early period of his last sickness receiving the church's seals of sacramental privilege and blessing, yet his heart was with whatever promoted her spiritual good. His influence and means were ever engaged for our advancement.

We sympathize with a sorely stricken household, where a loved husband's and father's place is left so suddenly vacant, praying that the Lord may be their stay, and the Holy Comforter their solace in this gloomy hour of their earthly bereavement.

A. D. ESSEDEKT, Rector.

For the vestry and parish:
JOHN G. MEACHAM, Sen. Warden.
NATHANIEL BRADLEY, Clerk.

ORIGIN OF THE LATE FIRE.—It is known to our readers that soon after our great fire, the Congress Hall barn was burned, and several attempts were made to burn the house. Suspicion rested upon a discharged cook; circumstantial evidence was so strong against him that there was strong talk of lynching him, he was finally lodged in jail. We at that time placed our suspicion upon another person entirely. Soon after the burning of the barn, another mysterious fire broke out near the same vicinity, which destroyed a large shop and barn, a dwelling house, and the large livery stable of Mr. Charles Smith, this fire was set before dark. Then on Friday last, Congress Hall was again fired, but was discovered in time to save it. We made known our suspicions to the proprietor, which so far coincided with his opinion that he requested us to investigate the matter. Our suspicion fell on a small colored boy that was working in the kitchen, some twelve or fourteen years old in appearance, but a hundred in mischief and lying. He was brought from the South by a Surgeon. He was taken from his mother when a child, and knew nothing of personal kindness; he was one of those little creatures that have been used in the South for small change in the way of trade; he had been kicked and cuffed round until his disposition was spoiled, and the only law that governed him was revenge. We, in company with the city Marshal, undertook the job of sifting this young colored gentleman, and we must confess that he is the brightest and hardest specimen of incipient humanity we have ever met with for one of his age, but we finally succeeded in getting a full confession. He confessed that he set Congress Hall on fire, on Friday, but denied for a long time the setting of the barn, but finally came down and acknowledged that he set the fire on the corner which destroyed the livery stable and dwelling house. His excuse was, that a boy "sassed" him and he "sassed" the boy, and the boy licked him and he thought the burning of those buildings would burn the boy's house.

Circumstances go to show that this story is correct. There is no doubt about it's being that small boy that has caused this destruction of property. He exonerates the above mentioned discharged cook, but the woman, (the cook's wife, as has always been the case,) comes in for a share of the blame. We could not help pitying the little fellow, bad as he is, for he seems to realize [illegible] he says Mrs. Ray [illegible] she could to make him a good boy, and he is sorry he has done such a thing. He was taken before Justice McDonald, before whom he again confessed all the whole thing, and was sent up for trial. There is no doubt about his being tampered with by the woman, who is also in jail.

A NEW FIRM.—The members comprising it, however, need no introduction to the people in this vicinity, for it is only the uniting of a couple of our old and well established business firms. The names of Roggenbau, Fixen & Miller are as familiar to the citizens and the people of this county as household words, and they are also associated with all that is honorable and fair in deal. In the year 1860 Messrs. Roggenbau & Fixen commenced business in this city, under circumstances that were little calculated to inspire them with hope. They had but a small capital to commence with, and they had to contend with old and well established houses whose reputations were made; but bravely they set to work and they have succeeded, and to-day they stand among the first of the business men of this city. Mr. Miller commenced the boot and shoe business with almost nothing, in the year 1857, and has also worked up to a position of prominence. He has had constantly in his employ about thirty hands, and his trade has gradually increased from a mere nothing to a large and profitable business, that is not confined to the city or county.—These gentlemen have leased the store of John Dixon, the finest, if not the largest store in the State. We never saw a building so perfect in everything as is that store. From the cellar to the garret everything is finished. Mr. Miller will superintend the boot and shoe department the same as usual, while the dry goods will be under the supervision of Messrs. Roggenbau and Fixen. The first floor will be devoted to miscellaneous articles found in first class dry goods and boot and shoe stores. The second floor will be the cloth room, and the third floor will be a carpet room, where those who want anything, from a Brussels to matting, can be accommodated. They intend to bring on soon the largest stock of carpetings ever offered for sale in this city. We would say to all that it is well worth while to give this firm a call, if not to buy, just to take a look at the magnificent store where they are located.

WOOL CORRESPONDENCE.—We publish a communication from Mr. W. G. Roberts, in reply to "Pelts." We have allowed Mr. Roberts to be a little rough, as we know he is a little sensitive on the wool question, and "Pelts" don't care what he says. We also publish the proceedings of the public meeting, held for the purpose of taking into consideration certain matters pertaining to the Mayor and Common Council. The reply of the Mayor is written in exceedingly good taste and temper.

FIRE ALARM.—Last Saturday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock, our citizens were again startled from their fancied security by the cry of "Fire!" On examination, it proved to be in the old Planing Mill near the river. Some one, not having the fear of the law before his eyes, had quietly lighted a fire in the shavings, which were burning finely, but it was extinguished by a negro woman living near by, before any damage was done, further than giving some people a good scare, and others an opportunity to exercise their lungs in giving the alarm.

REMOVAL.—Messrs. Winship & Gilbert have recently located themselves at A. P. Dickey's old stand, on Fourth Street, West of the bridge, where they propose to continue the manufacture of their Improved Wooden Pumps—the best in use. Also to do all kinds of planing, sawing and turning to order.

Wholesale and Retail orders promptly filled

Remember the place, Fourth Street, opposite the new Woolen Mill.

NEW MUSIC.—We are indebted to E. Chamberlain, of the Milwaukee *Sentinel*, for a beautiful little song entitled, "Lady Fair," which appears to be some of his own composition. We had no idea he could do such things, although we knew he had the "fair lady on the brain" to some extent, but had no idea it would burst out in song. Many thanks.

PERSONAL.—The many friends of General W. E. Strong, an attaché of the Freedmen's Bureau, were pleased to meet him once more at home for a few days on a visit to his friends. The General is looking well, and hardly any older than when he marched away with the famous Belle City Rifles.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Geo. Bull & Co. Great inducements are held out to those in want of goods in his line, and his line comprises everything that any body ought to have, and we know he will sell just as he advertises. Give him a call.

DANCING SCHOOL.—We were pleased to hear some of our citizens who attended the last school, speak of it in the highest terms, and of the manner the thing is conducted; they also speak highly of Lender's band, it's a big thing. Sociable this week on Friday evening.

☞ Dr. J. W. Colton, the celebrated Indian Herb Doctor, from Chicago, Ill., is at the Baker House for a few days only. He is pronounced one of the closest examiners of disease in the West. All old and severe cases, especially, are invited to call. Room No. 1.

☞ We publish this week, a Testimonial to the late Nelson Pendleton, Esq., which was handed in last week, but which, owing to the crowded state of our columns, was laid over. We insert it now, however, with pleasure.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Rev. N. Parker, of Troy, N. Y., will preach in the Church of the Good Shepherd, next Sabbath, Feb. 18th, morning and evening.

☞ Wanted, information of my son, John Burgess, a boy about fifteen years of age. Last heard from he was at work near Vienna. Any person knowing of his whereabouts will confer a favor by informing him that it will be to his advantage to come to Racine.

Sentinel please copy. JOHN BURGESS.

FARM FOR SALE.—Consisting of 103 acres, of which 20 is timber; 30 it an orchard; the balance of it is to grass and under the plow. Buildings good—situated three miles southwest from Racine city. I harvested from the orchard last year 3,000 bushels of apples. I will sell with or without timber, as purchaser may choose.

2-7 HURON HEBBE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—As I am closing my business in this city shortly, I request all indebted to me to settle up immediately, or their accounts will be given in legal hands for collection. 6-2w S. WOLFF.

Sugars from 13 to 22 cents per pound, Teas from 4 to 8 shillings per pound, at

John Kimber's.

Malt Vinegar, pure, from acid, at

John Kimber's.

Proceedings.

At a public meeting of the citizens of the city of Racine, held in the Court House, on Wednesday evening, the 7th inst., called for the purpose of considering the recent extraordinary action of the city council, in calling a *special meeting* without the knowledge, or consent of His Honor, The Mayor, and in the illegal appointment at said meeting, of a Railroad Commissioner, Dr. J. M. Tillapaugh was chosen chairman, and John Merton Secretary. After some introductory remarks by the chairman, A. P. Dutton, Esq., stated the circumstances that led to the call of the meeting, and the questions to be considered and acted upon.

C. W. Bennett, Esq., remarked upon the illegality of the council's action in appointing a Railroad Commissioner, declaring it to be, in his opinion, that they had no authority to make such appointment, and that a committee of five be appointed by the Chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting, on the subjects pending before it.

The resolution prevailed, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Bennett, Paine, Hartshorn, Erskine and Dutton.

On motion, it was also resolved that all resolutions that citizens might wish to offer relative to the business before the meeting, be referred to the committee on resolutions.

The committee, with the exception of Mr. Paine, who declined to serve, retired for deliberation, and after a brief absence, reported through their Chairman, Mr. Bennett, the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we sincerely regret the resignation by Geo. H. Thomson, Esq., of the office of Mayor of this city.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the Common Council of said city, in electing Thomas Falvey Commissioner to represent the Railroad stock of said city, was illegal, see laws of 1853—that said proceedings in the manner of conducting them, were highly discourteous to the Mayor, that the refusal of the council to rescind said proceedings at a regular meeting, repeated said discourtesy to Mr. Thomson as Mayor, and that in consequence of said illegal and discourteous proceedings, Mr. Thomson was justified in resigning.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in Mr. Thomson, as completely identified with the interests of Racine; that since he has been Mayor, he has been indefatigable in his efforts to secure an adjustment of our immense city debt and has labored ably to that end, and that we regret his resignation in view of his efficiency in that direction particularly, and held the council responsible, though we have full confidence that he will continue to labor in that direction for the interests of the city, but believe he could have done more as Mayor.

Resolved, That it is the duty of the citizens of this city, to see to it that hereafter men are elected Aldermen, who will truly represent the sentiments as well as the best interests and prevent such a state of things as now unfortunately exist.

Resolved, That said City Council be requested to rescind their said action, and that Mr. Thomson be requested to withdraw his resignaotin.

Mr. Bennett also offered and read as a part of the report, that section of the Laws of 1853, authorizing the election by the city, of a Railroad Commissioner, by the *voters* thereof.

On motion, the report of the committee was universally accepted. It was also resolved that the resolutions be taken up and acted upon singly.

The first resolution passed without remark or comment; the second elicited considerable discussion, which was participated in by Messrs. Van Pelt, Hartshorn, Adams, Dutton and Fuller, all however, disclaiming all thought, intent or desire of disrespect to Mr. Thomson, either in calling the special meeting referred to, or in the appointment of said Railroad Commissioner. The resolution being presented to the meeting for its acceptance, passed unanimously.

On motion of A. G. Hartshorn, that a copy of the proceedings of the meeting, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, be presented to Geo. A. Thomson, Esq., to the City Clerk, and also that they be published in the city papers.

At the close of the meeting three cheers were called for Mr. Thomson, which were given with a spirit and vigor that certainly indicated feelings very far from a want of confidence in, or disrespect for him.

It may not be improper here to remark that the city was fully represented, the court house being filled to its utmost capacity.

On motion, the meeting was adjourned.

J. M. TILLAPAUGH, Chairman.
JOHN MERTON, Secretary.

TO THE CITIZENS OF RACINE—

Friends: The resolutions passed at your meeting of Wednesday, the 7th inst, a copy of which has been been delivered to me by your Secretary, commands my profound gratitude and respect. While already identified with the interests of your city, and anxious to do all I can to promote those interests, by personal effort and influence, I feel you have now laid me under an obligation to serve you with all the devotion I am capable of.

The present condition of your city is not merely unsatisfactory but alarming. The Fire Department is totally disorganized, there is no reliable aid in cases of accidental fire, and the incendiary appears to commit such portions of the city to flames as best suits his infamous designs, with impunity.

Other interests of the city requiring care and attention, are left to chance. Your charter paralyses all action for efficient government.

The office of Mayor should be filled by an energetic man of business, devoted to the best interests of the city, and who can give a large portion of his time to the performance of his duties.

I would readily comply with your wishes and resume the position of Mayor, but I feel convinced that I cannot fill the office as its duties demand that it should be filled. The city would gain nothing by my accepting the office, as all that I can do to serve the city, shall be done by me as a citizen, having the best interests of the city at heart.

I shall act as may be desired, but I pray you for your own interest, and my relief from obligations I have not the time to discharge satisfactorily, to select one among you who may be a thorough man, in the all-important office of Mayor of your city.

I have the honor to be
Your obdient servant,
GEO. A. THOMSON.

Racine, Feb. 9th, 1866.

☞ If you have any clean cotton Rags, take them to JOHN KRANTZ, 159 Maine st., and he will give you THREE AND HALF CENTS per lb. in cash, or 4 cents in trade for them. If you have more than you can carry, he will send a wagon for them, *free of charge*, anywhere within the corporation limits.

☞ All those that are indebted to me will please to settle up to January 1st, 1866.

jan4-1m H. G. WILLIAMS.

☞ The inauguration of the "Memorial Tablet" will take place in the High School Rooms, on Thursday evening, the 22nd inst., at 7½ o'clock. Colonel John G. McMynn will deliver an address. The people of Racine and vicinity are earnestly invited to be present.

6-2w BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

MONEY.—Persons having unsettled accounts with me, before January 1st, 1866, will please call and settle.

Jan. 30, 1866.—2w. B. F. WEEKS.

WANTED.—For which I pay cash, oats, buckwheat, corn, beans, potatoes, butter, eggs, &c.

JOHN KIMBER.

FOR SALE.—A new, light, skeleton wagon, got up on the most approved plan. Enquire at this office.

D. D. M. & Co. Baltimore Oysters, large and full cans, cheap at

John Kimber's.

☞ Twenty one-half barrels of nice Lake Herring for sale low by

2 tf JOHN KIMBER.

☞ County Scrip for sale at Geo. Bull & Co.'s. d20.

MARRIED.

By the Rev. Robert Williams, Feb. 6th, at the residence of H. G. Monroe, THOMAS JONES and MISS JENNIE ROBERTS, all of this city. No Cards.

MARKETS.

RACINE JOURNAL OFFICE, Racine, Feb. 12, 1866.

Wheat, by teams, 80@$1.17.
Oats, 22@23c.
Corn, shelled, 35@40c.
" in ear, 35@35c.
Barley no demand except for good $1 00@1 10
Beans, nominal 50@70c.
Butter, 28@35c.
Cheese 16@18c.
Eggs, 20@22c.,
Lard, 15@17c.
Potatoes, 57@60c.,
Timothy Seed, 3.00@3.00.
Apples, green, dull.
Onions, 50@75c.
Flax Seed $2.00
Hay, 6@10 per ton.
Wool, 55@50c. according to quality.
Turkies, dressed, 12@14c ℔ lb.
Beef, on foot, 4.00@5.00.
Pork, dressed, 10 00@11.
Sheep, per head, $5.00@8.00.
Calves, per head, 5.00@10.00.
Hides, green salted, 8@9c. per lb.
" Green, 7@8c. per lb.
" Dry, 14@15c.
Calf Skins, green, 15@20c.
Sheep Skins, 0 70@$1 25

'66. WINTER TRADE. '66

GEO. BULL & CO.,

No. 1 and 2 Sixth Street, Cor. of Main.

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES.

We can say, without fear of contradiction, that we have the largest combined Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Crockery, Glass,
Wood & Willow Ware,

Ever brought into the city of Racine, and we are determined not to be under sold by any one. We have a very desirable stock of all varieties of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, &c., &c.

Also a full assortment of Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Worsted Goods, &c;

A better opportunity was never presented to the Ladies of Racine to suit themselves as to price, style and quality.

Our Grocery Department

Is Not Connected with the Dry Goods Room

And is attended by separate clerks, which makes it so much more pleasant for those wishing to purchase Dry Goods. In this line we are not afraid to say that our stock for quantity or quality, was never surpassed in this city, and which must and will be sold, if good goods and low prices have anything to do with making sales. Call and examine our stock, our business is to show it, which we will always take pleasure in doing

KEROSENE OIL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Feb 7, 1866-tf

Lyon's Periodical Drops.

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

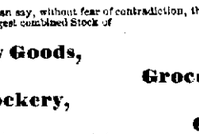
These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speak in terms of the highest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest and most infallible remedy in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, not could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared and sold by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price $1 50 per bottle.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.
6-1y.

DENTAL CARD.



DR. LUKE'S Dental Office is now located on Sixth Street, between Main and Wisconsin Streets, over Mr. Smith's City Bakery, where he will be glad to see all in want of good Dentistry, either in Filling, Extracting or inserting Artificial Teeth.

I will fill teeth with pure Gold, Silver, and other good materials, so as to preserve them for life. Teeth extracted in the best possible manner, with the latest approved instruments. No jaws broken. Teeth inserted in all the best styles known to the Dental Art.

I have practiced my profession for the last ten years in the City of Racine, with good success, and become fully identified with all the material interests of the city, so that I am a permanent fixture, always ready to fulfill my obligations and make good my promises, not here to-day, and gone to-morrow.

Jan. 30, 1866.tf. J. C. LUKE, Dentist.

FOR SALE.

A valuable farm for sale, eight miles West of Racine on the middle road near Fred Grove, containing 80 acres well improved, a comfortable house, a good barn, a good bearing orchard, two good wells, for sale cheap.

6-1w. SQUIRE B. ALLEN.

F. G. VERHEIN,
LaCROSSE HOUSE,
2d WARD, No. 997,
MILWAUKEE.

MULTUM IN PARVO!

$100,000

WORTH OF

DRY GOODS!

FOR SALE AT

138 Main Street.

☞ PURCHASERS OF DRY GOODS should not think of Buying without first examining this Mammoth stock of Cheap and Standard goods, the principal portion of which was purchased during the late

DEPRESSION IN THE MARKETS.

The subscriber having at present a

Resident Buyer

IN THE MARKETS

Customers can depend on finding at 138, Main Street,

NOVELTIES & BARGAINS!

As such are produced and offered for sale in

BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

4 tf E. McENERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

BELOW COST!

SAVED FROM THE RACINE FIRE.

THEY MUST BE SOLD

AT

SOME PRICE.

JOSEPH MILLER,

ONE of the Sufferers by the late fire, has again

COMMENCED BUSINESS,

at No. 189 Masonic Block, where he may be found at any time, selling off his Stock of Boots and Shoes,

VERY CHEAP.

He has also opened a large stock in

Kenosha,

OF

Custom-made Boots & Shoes,

Of every style and price usually found in a first-class Boot and Shoe Store. Eastern and Custom-made Men's and Boy's Boots and Shoes, Ladie's Gaiters and Balmorals, Misses and Children's wear, &c.

These goods, though with few marks of fire upon them, will be sold at prices unheard of since the breaking out of the rebellion.

J. Bond's Building, opposite the First National Bank.

Jan. 30, 1866.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT FOR RACINE COUNTY, ss.

ANTONY HANSON, plaintiff, against JOHN MENARY and ELLEN MENARY, defendants.

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, at the city of Racine, in said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Racine within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service. And if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

PAINE & MILLER, Pl'ff's Attorneys.

Dated this 23d day of January, A. D. 1866. 4-6w

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HEREBY GIVES Notice that his wife having left him without just cause, he will hereafter pay no debts contracted by her

GEORGE HERRICK.

Racine, Jan. 22, 1866.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

SITUATED ON CORNER OF 11TH AND PEARL St. Lot 120 feet square. The House, Barn and all the outbuildings are of brick. Good well and cistern.—Choice fruit and shrubbery and an excellent garden—all in good repair, and is really one of the most desirable localities for a residence in the city. Enquire of

J. A. CARSWELL, 189 Main Street, Racine.

jan3

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

at Bliss & Erb's.

REVERE HOUSE,

Cor. Clark and Kinzie Sts.,

CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS,

O. DUTCHER, - - - PROPRIETOR.

WAR
WITH FRANCE!

Maj. Gen. LOGAN
Appointed
MINISTER TO FRANCE!!

OLD SETTLERS
AND NEW FIRM.

JONES & VAUGHAN,

Successors to

W. J. Willams,

Corner of Sixth & Wisconsin Streets.

CHOICE
Family Groceries,

CONSISTING OF

KEROSINE, SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, FRESH RAISINS, CURRANTS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SOAP, CANDLES, Fine Cut, Plug, & Smoking Tobaccos OF THE BEST QUALITIES.

FLOUR!

Berlin City Mills,

Choice Family Winter Wheat, Double Extra Spring Wheat, Flour on hand in Barrels or Sacks at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL!

Corn Meal & Buckwheat Flour.

OUR MOTTO IS

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!

TERMS CASH.

R. BLAIR JONES. W. W. VAUGHAN.
521.

GET BOOTH'S
OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

SPLENDID
JEWELRY, WATCHES,
DIAMONDS, &C.,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

The House of BOSANQUET, GIRAUD & CO., Paris, have the pleasure of announcing that they have opened an Agency in the city of New York for the sale of their widely known Jewelry, Watches, &c., and for the purpose of making their goods as extensively known and appreciated in the United States as they now are, and have been for over 70 years in Europe; they have determined on a plan by which poor and rich alike may have the advantage of their splendid styles. As a preliminary, they would remark that they manufacture and sell *no Imitation Jewelry or Watches*, but all are

WARRANTED GOLD OF THE
Finest Workmanship!

Our customers will also have the great advantage of a constant succession of new and recherche styles and patterns with which we will keep our New York Agency supplied.

We have adopted the plan of sale, now so popular, of charging a uniform price, and this price will invariably be **$2.00 for each article**, no matter how costly it may be. The expenses of conducting our New York Agency are paid by the sale of Certificates or Coupons, representing the various articles. These Certificates are sold at 50 cents each, or five for $2, and each Certificate will ether the holder the particular article he or she is entitled to, on payment of an additional $2. If the article named on the Certificate is not desired, the holder will oblige us, when he returns the Certificate, by stating what other article of the same value he or she may prefer, and it will be sent with pleasure. *Our aim is to please*, and every means to that end will be exerted. We solicit a trial from every one who reads this notice, as we are confident of giving the utmost satisfaction.

THE STOCK COMPRISES

Amongst other articles Splendid Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Rings set with Diamonds, Rubies, Pearls, Garnet and other Stones (solitaire and in clusters), Ladies' sets of Jewelry, comprising Pins and Ear-rings of the most fashionable styles, set in Precious Stones of every variety, together with a large assortment of Gold and Enameled and Pearl Sets, Gold Studs and Sleeve Buttons of the most fashionable patterns, Gents' Bosom and Scarf Pins, and an endless variety of Bracelets, Chains, Musical Boxes, Head Dresses, Combs, Charms, &c. In case any of our patrons are not in want of articles of Jewelry, and would prefer Silverware, we will send, for ANY Certificate returned to us, a elegantly engraved SET OF CASTORS or BUTTER DISH, beautifully chased and plated.

Agents are Wanted

In every part of the United States and Provinces, and to all such very liberal inducements will be offered, and, on application, a circular of terms will be forwarded. We prefer money sent in Post Office Orders where they can be obtained, or by Bank Draft to our order. Address all orders to our Agency, which will be conducted by

Messrs. JAQUET, STERLING & Co.,
Dec5-3m 189 Broadway, New York.

GET BOOTH'S
OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

SINGER'S UNRIVALLED PATENT
Sewing Machines
FOR SALE BY
EDWIN BURGESS,
Ag't, Racine, Wisconsin.

ALSO,

Kapson's Patent Bobbin Winder,

Which insures the perfection of winding the Bobbin Thread.

Call and C!!

GET BOOTH'S
OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

NEW GOODS.

I am receiving New Goods every week, consisting in part of

NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
NEW GINGHAMS,
NEW SHEETINGS,
Hoop and Balmoral Skirts.

Flannels and Woolen Goods.

With other Goods too numerous to mention, all at low prices.

Jan. 30, 1866. B. F. WEEKS.

GET BOOTH'S

AT BLISS & ERB'S.

PAINTS & OILS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

145 Main Street, Racine.

LANGLOIS & ROBILLIARD

HAVE A FULL and complete assortment of

White Lead,

French and American WHITE ZINC,

Linseed, Boiled, Whale, Elephant, Sperm Straits, Machine, Sweet, Neats-foot and Kerosene

OILS.

Turpentine, Camphene

ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID,

VARNISHES AND JAPANS

☞ A full and complete stock of

Colors, Dry and Ground in Oil, Artists' Colors and Materials, Diamonds Gold Leaf, Smalts and all

Other Articles Belonging to the Trade.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window, Plain and Looking Glasses,

of all sizes.

BRUSHES

of every description. A large and splendid stock

Wall Papers, Borders,

Decorations, Gilt and Common Window Shades, Figured and Plain Curtain Paper, Tassels, Sashes, and Curtain Bands.

Fluid and Kerosene Lamps and Lanterns.

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Manilla and Tarred Ropes, all sizes, Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Coal Tar, Rosin, Blocks, &c., &c.

Bedcords, Clothes Lines, Broom Twines, all qualities. Wrapping Twines in bundles or barrels. Bell and Sash Cords, Wool Twines, Cotton Seine and Gilling Twines, &c.

We would call particular attention of the trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment of goods in the city.

Call and see at

No. 145 Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

PAINTING,

Glazing, and Paper Hanging attended to on short notice.

DISSOLUTION.

KELLEY & MURRAY HAVING PURchased the interest of I. Taylor in the late firm of

"Taylor, Murray & Co.,"

Will continue the

LUMBER BUSINESS

at the old stand, where a general assortment of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts,

will be kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

JAS. H. KELLEY, GEORGE MURRAY. KELLEY & MURRAY.

Racine April 10 1868. apr22tf

LARIGO & CO'S
RACINE
Business College,

Located in Titus Block,

RACINE, WISCONSIN.

FACULTY.

C. F. LARIGO—(With competent Assistants)—Instructor in Book Keeping and Commercial Sciences.

R. S. BARTLETT—Resident Principal—Instructor in Business, Spencerian and Ornamental Penmanship.

This Institution is connected with Larigo's Milwaukee Mercantile College, which has been in active operation in that city for the last 16 years.

The design of the College is to impart to young men a *sound, practical and modern business education.*

The Branches Taught are:

Book Keeping, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, the principles of English Composition, &c., in the most satisfactory manner.

FEES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Life Scholarship in Book Keeping, with business Calculations, Correspondence, Lectures, Penmanship,	$40 00
Ladies Life Scholarship,	25 00
Disabled Soldiers',	25 00
Penmanship, 25 Lessons,	5 00
" Time unlimited,	10 00
Phonography, Life Scholarship	20 00

☞ Apply for Circulars and Catalogues.

Address, LARIGO & BARTLETT,
Racine, Aug. 30, 1865.—46-1y. Racine, Wis.

GILLETT, ROWLEY & BRO.,

HAVING SUCCEEDED TO THE

Washington Market

AS SUCCESSORS TO

GORTON'S LOV'ELL,

WISH TO INFORM ALL THE PEOple of Racine who love to eat the best of

FRESH MEATS

in their season, that their experience enables them to furnish the choicest selection which can be found anywhere. They will endeavor to maintain the reputation of the

WASHINGTON MARKET,

and give their patrons the fullest satisfaction in

Cuts and Prices

at all times. They have a well ventilated

ICE HOUSE

in their market, in which their meats are always kept sweet and cool.

Hams, Dried Meat, Pickled Tongues, and Sausages

always on hand. Orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city, free of charge.

JAMES GORTON, MARK ROWLEY, JOSEPH ROWLEY.
June 14, 1865.

E. J. WICKHAM & Co.
GROCERS.

For Teas, Choice Brands,

GO TO E. J. WICKHAM & Co.'s

FOR SUGARS OF ALL QUALITIES

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR COFFEES,

[ALL KINDS, WHOLE OR GROUND,]

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s.

FOR SPICES OF ALL KINDS,

(Whole or Ground)

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR SOAPS AND CANDLES

OF ALL KINDS,

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

For Syrups & Molasses go to

E. J. WICKHAM & CO.'S

For Anything in
THE GROCERY LINE!

Go to E. J. Wickham & Co.'s

FOR OYSTERS!

Platt & Co.'s Celebrated Brand

GO TO E. J. WICKHAM & CO.'S

CHOICE WHISKIES

At Bliss & Erb's

THE HOLIDAYS
ARE COMING!

TOYS! TOYS!

AT

KLEIN & BROS.,

132, Main St.

A Large Assortment!

OF

DOLLS AND DOLL HEADS.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

TOYS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

BOYS, SLEIGHS AND CUTTER BOXES,

A Full Assortment.

Ladies' Traveling Baskets and Reticules

AN ENTIRELY NEW WORK

Ordered Expressly for the Holidays!

A fine Assortment of

CIGAR CASES AND HOLDERS,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
LADIES' PORTMONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS,
POCKET CUTLERY, ETC., ETC

Call Before the Rush

AND YOU WILL BE

SURE TO BE SUITED

AT

KLEIN & BROTHERS.

BOOTS AND SHOES

BECK & LEIGHTON

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that they have just received their

WINTER STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

☞ Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Men and Boy's wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Belle City Boot & Shoe Store

156 MAIN ST. 156.

CHAS. PAULI,

Manufacturer and Dealer

IN

HATS, CAPS, GLOVES,

LADIES' & GENTS' FURS

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

Of The Above Articles

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

AT THE

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

FURS MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIRED.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES

Paid for Raw Furs. 42j1

To Whom it May Concern

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF THE A. Ice & Dietrich, of the city of Racine, will be dissolved by mutual consent. All those having claims against the above firm, will bring them in, and all those that are indebted to them by note or book account will please call at the old stand and settle the same immediately. If not settled they will be left in the hands of our attorney for settlement and collection.

Yours, Respectfully,
THIELEN & DIETRICH.

The above firm will sell goods from this date, regardless of cost, at reduced rates, until the whole stock is sold. T. & D.

March 1865

Chicago & Milwaukee Railway.

TIME TABLE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 5TH 1865, trains will leave Racine as follows, viz:

GOING SOUTH.

Passenger Train	8.33 A. M.
" "	5.38 P. M.
Freight "	7.32 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Passenger Train	11.

Feeding Roots to Colts.

A writer in the *Western Rural* has an article on 'Wintering Colts,' which, in the main, is excellent, but, like an excellent orange, peach or apple, a part of it had better not be swallowed. He says, 'Remember never to feed your colts turnips or carrots in the fall and winter,' but forbears to give any reason for the earnest caution.

I sold a colt last winter at seven months old, for $100, that had eaten one quart of cleaned and finely cut turnips, raw, per day from weaning, and one quart of unground, raw oats mixed therewith; and for three or four of the last weeks, just double that amount per day of each, besides the hay he would eat up clean; and he was 'as square and well filled out as a six-year old stallion,' and as large as many two-year olds, measuring 13½ hands high at five months old, and as 'nimble as a lark.' If turnips were very bad, the colt must have been very smart to have done so well in spite of them.—The fact is, carrots, turnips and other roots, are just as necessary for brutes, as for human beings. What do we find becomes of our soldiers and sailors, when for a long time they are deprived of vegetables? Do we find them healthy, vigorous, and free from external and internal diseases? By no means. A score of diseases march right along, and damage them more than a whole regiment of two-legged rebels.

A few years since I sold a colt four months old, to a near neighbor, who wintered him *entirely* on hay and carrots, and he came out first rate, not very poor, nor very fat, but in good condition, sleek and smooth, and well cared for,' as Mr. Hardy would say.—Why, we are so green here that some of us feed no grain to '*work horses*,' only hay and roots all through 'spring work,' and they look 'well cared for,' and do first rate.—*Vermonter.*

KINDNESS TO COWS.—A correspondent writes on this subject to the *Country Gentleman* as follows: 'Cows should always be treated kindly, and as far as possible always have the same milker. A fractious man should not be allowed to handle a spirited cow. Kindness and gentleness are always best; beating and pounding should not be tolerated. If a cow or heifer persist in kicking under kind treatment, take a small rope and quietly fasten it around the opposite fore foot, thence bring it over the back to hang by the milker; when she kicks again, without saying a word, draw her foot up to her body.—You can now handle her as you please. She will struggle to release her foot, but to no purpose [illegible] crouch to the floor. Now let her get up again, and pet her a little. If she kicks again repeat the operation as often, and you will soon find she will not move a foot while you are milking, unless there is some irritating cause, like sore teats or sharp finger nails.'

LOSS OF STEAMER MISSOURI.—The latest reports of the disaster states that the cause of the same was because of no water in the boilers. The Missouri left New Orleans last Thursday week, with a light freight, but full of passengers, the most whereof were landed at Cairo. On arriving at Evansville she received about a dozen passengers, all whereof are reported lost. The story of a race between the two boats is denied. The officers of the Dictator brought off 120 people from the wreck. It is thought by the officers of the Missouri that the total list of casualties will not exceed 70, and will probably be less than 60. Among the saved are a passenger from Lowell, Mass., connected with the Freedmen's Bureau, and his family; Capt Stewart, and Engineers Snroeder and Cos of New Albany. The cabin register being lost, the names of passengers could not be ascertained. Several survivors left on the mail-boat for Cincinnati and upward to day.

TEA CAKES.—Beat four eggs well, stir in [illegible] of sugar, one of [illegible] dissolve a teaspoon of soda in a little sour cream, and grate in a nutmeg. Work flour in until the dough will barely roll without sticking. Cut out and bake a light brown. If cut with a large cutter, and when fresh [illegible] with white of an egg, [illegible]

ICING.—Break the whites of some eggs into a bowl, beat in as much of the finest white sugar as will make it stiff as soft butter; beat long and hard, and put in a little tartaric acid; spread it smoothly with a knife, and dry in the sun. You may roll up of best foolscap paper, little horns, with a very small orifice; through these, squeeze out the icing in fancy devices. This had best be left undone if your guests have ever seen a real confectioner's work.

SOFT COOKIES.—Take one coffee-cup of butter, three of sugar, one of thick cream and four eggs; mix the butter and sugar, and then add the eggs and the cream. Take a pint of sifted flour, and a teaspoonful of soda; mix well, and stir in to the other ingredients sufficient of it to make the paste or dough stiff enough to roll out; cut it in squares, impress with a fancy mould, and bake in a slow oven. Caraway-seed and ground coriander-seed are often used to flavor these biscuits.

CUP CAKE.—Five eggs, four cups of flour, three of sugar, one cup of sour cream and a half cup of butter; mix up like cake. Dissolve one teaspoonful of soda in the milk. This cake makes a good plain desert with wine and butter sauce, or with powdered sugar and butter, rubbed to a cream, and seasoned with wine, sugar and lemon.

TO START A BALKY HORSE.—The *Ohio Farmer* says: 'Fill his mouth with dirt or gravel from the road, and he'll go. Now, the philosophy of the thing is, it gives him something else to think about. We have seen it tried hundreds of times, and it has never failed.'

JEW'S CAKES.—Beat four eggs light; stir in it 1 lb. sugar and one lb butter, a grated nutmeg and a teaspoon of soda dissolved in a little milk. Work in as much flour as will make it roll; cut out thin and bake quick.

RUSKS.—Four cups of flour, two of milk, half a cup of white sugar, two eggs, three teaspoonfuls cream of tartar, and two of soda.

LINSEED CAKE.—Some farmers, who feed oil meal, frequently purchase in the summer, when it is cheaper than in winter.

On the 22d of December, in lat. 40 N., long. [illegible] W., what was supposed to be one of the atlantic cable buoys was seen by a passing ship.

NEW PERFUME
For the Handkerchief.

PHALON'S

A Most Exquisite, Delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, NEW YORK.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
FOR
Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation, or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
FOR WEAKNESSES
ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR INDISCRETION.

The Constitution once affected by Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment be submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH,

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, and no exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury, in curing those unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

in all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the Remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above disease, it is sure to affect his bodily health, mental powers, happiness, and that of his posterity. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE!

We make no secret of the ingredients. *HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* is composed of Buchu, Cubebs, and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, and prepared in vacuo by *H. T. HELMBOLD*, Druggist and Chemist of sixteen years' experience in the city of Philadelphia, and which is now prescribed by the most eminent physicians, has been admitted to use in the United States army, and is also in very general use in State Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

Direct letters to

HELMBOLD'S
DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway New York,
—OR—
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth street (below Chestnut),
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold by Druggists Everywhere.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.

PRODUCE & COMMISSION!
Flour! Flour!!
Feed! Feed!
LAWTON BRO'S,
No. 154, Main Street,
DEALERS IN
WINTER, SPRING, GRAHAM, & RYE FLOUR, also CORN MEAL, BRAN, OATS, CORN, BALE HAY, FEED, POTATOES, ONIONS, BEANS, PEAS, FLAX SEED TIMOTHY SEED, AND ALL OTHER SEEDS. Also, BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF PRODUCE AT
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
WE HAVE ALSO SORGHUM MACHINERY, CORN SHELLERS, CIDER MILLS AND SCALES. WE HAVE Constantly on hand, St. LOUIS WHITE WIN'ER WHEAT FLOUR.
Prompt Attention paid to
CONSIGNMENTS.
LAWTON BROS.
RACINE, Wis., Dec. 18, 1865.

WOOL WANTED.
THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid by the subscriber, on Sixth street, three doors west of Wisconsin street.
S. C. WHITBY.
Racine, July 8, 1866 20

WILCOX & GIBBS
SILENT
SEWING MACHINE
WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, Cord, Bind, Braid, Quilt and Embroider beautifully. It will, with the FIRST needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with NO CHANGE of needle, thread or tension. It will use coarse cotton, linen, silk, and twist. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being TWISTED by means of
THE ROTATING HOOK,
and drawing the twist into the goods; thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "survive the washtub." Old, worn out family garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the GREATEST COMPETITION, and to THIS STITCH machines have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.
A Patented Device prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress.
THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG,
Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines.
NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.
The blade of the needle is less thin three fourths of an inch long, and is straight.
The Hemmer and Feller Can Never be Set Wrong.
Any one may adjust them IN THE DARK. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or under side as you want it.
IT WILL NOT DROP STITCHES. As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight, does not vibrate, like longer ones.
It is run by steam at 2000 stitches per minute, other machines at only 400 to 1,200, with safety. They are
Manufactured with Mathematical Precision,
Hence each part is interchangeable and can be readily replaced in case of accident. The machine cannot be adjusted, hence will not get out of order. It will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use another.
The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch
WERE NEVER EQUALED.
ITS RAPIDITY, ABSOLUTE STILLNESS, EASE OF MOTION, narrowness and neatness of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes' instruction they will set the needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success.
The PRESS universally pronounce this the BEST FAMILY Sewing Machine in the world. Whatever the merits of the other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Wilcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute—the first premium for
"THE BEST SEWING MACHIGE,"
at the great New England Fair—the Vermont State Fair—the Pennsylvania State Fair—the Indiana State Fair—and fifty other First Premiums at the meetings of Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies in 1864.
IT IS NOW THE GREAT LEADING FAMILY SEWING MACHINE
ALL OVER THE WORLD.
Price of Machines, with hemmer, feller, gauge, oil can, extra needles, full directions, &c., from $50 to $150.
Barnum's Self-Sewer,
FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES, guides the work itself, avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price, $1.50. Large Discount to Agents.
We take other machines in exchange. We sell Oil, Cotton, Silk, Twist and NEEDLES for every kind of sewing machine.
AGENTS WANTED.—Terms to agents, descriptive circular and specimens of work sent free by mail, on receipt of stamp, or land of
L. CORNELL & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,
June21-85-1y 183 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

TO THE PUBLIC.
The United States
TELEGRAPH CO.
HAVE GOT THEIR LINES IN FULL communication with
All Parts of the U. S. and Canadas,
and are prepared to send dispatches with greater celerity and correctness than any other line. They have recently opened an
OFFICE IN RACINE,
IN THE JOURNAL BUINDING,
No. 147 Main Street,
with a competent operator in charge. The public, and business men in particular, will find it to their interest to patronize this line, which is acquiring a wide-spread popularity among the mercantile men of the country.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
April 186.

Books & Stationery,
ETC., ETC.
Mrs. A. J. PEAVEY,
BURNED OUT IN THE DESTRUCtion of Titus Hall Building has rented the store lately occupied by N. B. McFarland, and is now located in the
Baker House Block,
next door to B. B. Northrup & Co's bank, where she will keep on hand a full assortment of
SCHOOL BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS,
Bibles and Prayer Books,
Photograph Albums.
NOTE, LETTER AND CAP PAPERS,
ENVELOPES OF EVERY STYLE,
PICTURES, FRAMES AND MOULDINGS,
SHEET MUSIC AND MUSIC BOOKS.
THE
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS
Saved at the fire will be Sold
WITHOUT REGARD TO COST
To clear out the stock, and in future Miscellaneous Books will be delivered to order promptly, at publishers' prices.
Mrs. Peavey is Agent for the
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine,
The best machine in the world, and warranted to give satisfaction.
The highest price, in cash or trade, paid for Paper Rags.
Racine, Jan. 24, 1865. Mrs. A. J. PEAVEY.

TO THE LADIES.
GEO. H. REED & Co.'s
LIQUID
DOMESTIC DYES
THE constant demand, we have had for LIQUID DYES has induced us to put up a complete line of
40 SHADES, ALL LIQUIDS,
which will recommend themselves to everyone who has ever used Liquid Dyes for
Brilliancy of Color,
Simplicity of Use,
Certainty of Satisfaction.
[Complete directions for use with every package.]
USE THE BEST ARTICLE.
See Certificates from Eminent Chemists on each Package.
Samples actually dyed with each of the colors on silk or woolen, may be seen at the Drug Stores.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
If you desire to insure GOOD COLORS, inquire for REED'S DOMESTIC DYES, *and take no other kind.*
GEO. H. REED & CO.,
Manufacturers. 42-4

DRIVER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings
Balusters, Siding, Flooring, Shingles, Brooms, Handles &c., &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Racine and vicinity that he is regularly licensed as an
AUCTIONEER,
and has authority to sell either in the city or State. All orders sent through the Post Office will meet with prompt attention.
40-tf. J. A. CARSWELL.

MOUND CEMETERY.
LOTS in the newly surveyed grounds are now ready, and for sale. Apply to the Sexton, Owen Roberts, on the grounds.
A. L. PHILLIPS,
Chairman of Cemetery Committee.
Racine, August 19th, 1866.—39-tf.

GRAND RALLY
AT THE
New Boot and Shoe
STORE.
ALL THE PEOPLE ARE NOTIFIED that a new
BOOT AND SHOE STORE
has just been opened in
Clement's New Building, adjoining the Baker House,
in the City of Racine, where a large and choice stock of goods, for
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,
can be found. We have
Women's, Misses and Childsen's
Balmorals and Congress Gaiters.
of splendid and very durable quality.
Men's Boys and Youths
Calf Kip and Grained Boots.
Every variety of
CHILDREN'S SHOES.
of good quality and fine workmanship. These goods are fresh from New York, and are all of the
LATEST STYLES.
Our establishment is connected with a large manufacturing establishment east, and can sell goods
Fifteen Per Cent. Cheaper
than any other house in the west. Particular attention paid to
Custom Work and Repairing.
S. CROSBY.
Racine, Oct. 24, 1864.

DRY GOODS!
Now is the Time to Buy
BEFORE THE PRICES RAISE
J. DIETRICH,
Corner 6th & Wisconsin St., Racine.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY STOCK of FALL and WINTER GOODS, the *Largest and best selected Stock ever brought to Racine!* Such as
MERINOS, ALAPACCAS, MOHAIR,
DRESS GOODS, CALICOS & DeLAINES, &c.
ALSO
Flannels of all Kinds,
Bleached & Brown Muslins,
Linen & White Goods,
Goods for Men & Boys' Wear,
Besides
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK
OF
ASSORTED GROCERIES!
My Stock was Bought
BEFORE GOODS RAISED!
And Will be
SOLD ACCORDINGLY.
89-8m J. DIETRICH.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR RENEWER,
As the name indicates, not only RENEWS the growth of the hair when thin and falling off, but positively *renews the color* to its original shade when it is turning gray or white, whether caused by disease, grief or old age.
It will certainly do what is claimed for it, a fact to which hundreds, ay thousands, who have used it, are ready and willing to testify. Where one bottle is fairly used, in any community, its reputation "spreads like wild fire," and is the best advertisement and recommendation we desire. In the Eastern States, where the "RENEWER" originated, the young ladies use it as a hair dressing; it is found on the toilet tables of young men, (also at their barbers), while older men and women who desire a *Renewer* and *Restorative* for their grey locks and bald heads will not be without this article, which gives in every instance, entire satisfaction.
CAUTION.
Don't let any druggist or dealer urge upon you a different article, as there is no preparation in the world like this. Beware of any article purporting to be the same.
Try HALL'S HAIR RENEWER according to Directions, and you will use no other.
If not sold at druggists in your town, a trial bottle will be sent you by express, upon receipt of one dollar by mail, thus giving you an opportunity at once of testing its excellent qualities.
Orders for *trial bottles* must be addressed to
C. A. COOK, Chicago,
Gen'l Agent for Northwestern States,
R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors, Nashua, N. H
Sold at WHOLESALE, in Chicago, by FULLER, FINCH & FULLER, DURNHAMS & VAN SCHAACK, LORD & SMITH, SMITH & DWYER, J. H. REED & CO., CHAS. G. SMITH, DIETZCHE, BLOCKI & CO, H. SCOVIL, W. D. HARRIS & CO., POST & BADEAU, and by druggists and dealers generally.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES
Dr. CHEESEMAN'S
FEMALE REGULATING
PILLS
Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression. They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Fluxes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect a speedy cure.
DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS
Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but *Ladies must bear in mind that, there is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE.—Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.* THEY CANNOT DO HARM in any other way.
Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills
Are the only Medicine that MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, which IMMEDIATE and PERMANENT SUCCESS.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want *the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD*, which is comprised in
Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!!
They have received, and are now receiving, the sanction of the most *eminent Physicians in America.*
EXPLICIT DIRECTIONS with each Box—the price, *One Dollar per Box*, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.
Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorised Agent, in current funds.
Sold by Druggists generally.
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
25 Dey Street, New York.
FULLER, FINCH & FULLER and LORD & SMITH, Wholesale Agents. Sold in Racine by all Druggists. Sold in Kenosha by Dr. STREETER and WHEELER & CLARK.
July13-1y
Sugars, Teas, and Coffees for sale low. JOHN KINZIE.

J. B. ROWLEY'S
Insurance Agency.
Capital Represented, $9,000,000.
Fire Insurance Companies.

New England—Assets,	$244,078
North American—Assets,	697,837
Home, New Haven—Assets	659,070
Charter Oak—Assets,	360,000
Columbia—Assets,	559,000

Life Insurance Company.
Connecticut Mutual—Assets, $7,000,000
The above Companies use policies on as favorable terms as other responsible companies. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
Life Insurance.
Persons desiring Life Insurance, are invited to investigate the standing and plan of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL before making an application elsewhere, as by so doing they may save nearly half their money.
J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.
L. JANES, Solicitor.
Office at J. Humphrey's Clothing Store, Main St., Racine. may24

GROVESTEEN & CO.,
PIANO FORTES!
MANUFACTURERS.
499 Broadway, New York
THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC and the trade is invited to our
NEW SCALE
SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD
PIANO FORTES,
WHICH FOR
Volume and Purity of Tone,
are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements,
French, Grand Action, Hary Pedal, Iron Frame, Over-Strung Bass, &c.
and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has had a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is
Fully Warranted in Every Particular.
The "Grovesteen Piano Forte" received the Highest Award of Merit over all others at the celebrated
WORLD'S FAIR,
where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the
AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR
Five Successive Years,
the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warerooms. By the introduction of improvements we make a still more
Perfect Piano Forte
and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer those instruments at a price that will preclude all competition.
PRICES:
No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case, $250.
No. 2, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding, $275.
No. 3, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood Louis XIV. style $300.
Terms: Nett Cash, in Current Funds.
Descriptive Circulars sent free. july21-1y

TITUS BLOCK,
RACINE, WIS.
RAYMOND & JONES,
Wholesale & Retail Dealers
IN
SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE!
Iron & Steel,
NAILS & STOVES.
Manufacturers of
Japanned, Tin, Copper And Sheet Iron Ware,
FARMING TOOLS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!
THE LARGEST
AND
Best Assorted Stock
OF
COOK & PARLOR STOVES
In the Market,
Which will be Sold Cheap for Cash!
Our Facilities for JOBBING and REPAIRING are Unsurpassed!
H. RAYMOND,
Racine. THOS. JONES.

FURNITURE.

M. SPIECH,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE,
On Sixth Street,
a few doors West of the Baptist Church, is prepared to sell
Furniture
of all kinds, as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere in the city.
Gilt, Rosewood and Oval Frames
FOR
PICTURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS.
Rosewood Veneering, Scroll Sawing, Turning, &c., done to order. We have a good supply of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings for Picture Frames. Persons having pictures to frame, would do well to give us a call.
Racine, May 4, 1866.
Fish retail from 5½ to eight pounds.
JOHN KINZIE.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR
THROAT, AND Lungs.
DR. STRICKLAND'S
Mellifluous Cough Balsam
Is warranted to be the only preparation known to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Chronic Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis and Croup.—Being prepared from Honey and Herbs it is healing, soothing, and expectorating, and particularly suitable for all affections of the Throat and Lungs. For sale by Druggists everywhere.
DR. STRICKLAND'S TONIC
DYSPEPSIA.
DR. STRICKLAND'S TONIC is a concentrated preparation of Roots and Herbs, with anallachia and carminatives to strengthen the stomach and nervous system. It is a certain remedy for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Acidity of the Stomach, Flatulency and Debility. It is not alcoholic, therefore particularly suited for Weak, Nervous and dyspeptic persons. For sale by all druggists everywhere at $1 per bottle.
STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY
Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate Relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.
For sale by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle. janl7-1y.

GET BOOTH'S
PREM. OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
94 Main Street,
RACINE, WISCONSIN.
F. ELMLINGER
Has just returned
NEW YORK
the largest and best selected stocks of
GOODS & CLOTHING
to this market. He carries on the
TAILORING BUSINESS,
AND
MAKES TO ORDER
All kinds of the most fashionable
GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING.
HIS
Furnishing Goods
he will sell at prices to suit the times. He also keeps on hand a variety of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
LINENS, SHIRTS, COLLARS,
Neck Ties, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., which he offers to the public at the lowest figures for cash. A call is respectfully solicited.
June 1, 1865. jun-tf

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
TRUNK AND HARNESS
ESTABLISHMENT.
EDWIN FOSTER, NO. 131 MAIN ST., Racine, is now ready to
Supply the Trade
with a splendid variety of
TRUNKS, HARNESSES,
VALISES,
SADDLES, WHIPS,
AND EVERY THING IN HIS LINE.
The articles of his manufacture
Cannot be Excelled
For Style, Beauty of Workmanship, or Durability.
Racine, June 1, 1865. june-tf

BOOTS & SHOES.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shoe Shop across the way from his old stand, and is now opening of the
LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
that was ever opened in Racine. His stock is all made under his supervision, and he can warrant it to give
PERFECT SATISFACTION.
Every variety of Shoes
LADIES, CHILDREN,
Misses and Boys,
as well as a very large stock of
BOOTS FOR GENTLEMEN,
can be found on his shelves. He flatters himself that by having the
Best of Workmen
and using the
BEST OF STOCK,
he can make work that
CANNOT BE BEAT
in this city.
Repairing done on Short Notice, and at a Reasonable Price.
Remember the place, at No. 90 Main Street, formerly McCreary & Roesa' old stand.
Racine, March 5, 1866. S. BRICHERT.

GET BOOTH'S
PREM. OYSTERS
AT BLISS & ERB'S.

DR. EASTERLY'S
IODINE AND SARSAPARILLA.
This is the only medicine that will cure diseases arising from an impure state of blood, viz:
Scrofula, or King's Evill Cancer, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Old Sores, Swelling of the Glands, Leprosy, White Swelling, Piles, Blotches, Boils, Pimples on the face, Goitre, Rheumatism, Dropsy or Gravel, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affection, General Debility, all Chronic Diseases, and all Diseases arising from the use of Mercury.
This medicine combines in a highly concentrated state the Fluid Extracts of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Stillingia, Burdock, and the Iodide of Potassium, also the Extracts of several other valuable ROOTS and BARKS, prepared by a new and highly improved chemical process for obtaining the ACTIVE PRINCIPLE of those roots in its PURE and most perfect volatile state, rendering the compound the most perfect and EFFICACIOUS REMEDY known to man for the cure of all those diseases arising from an impure state of the BLOOD, or the other fluids of the system.
DR. EASTERLY'S IODINE AND SARSAPARILLA
Searches out the very germ or roots of diseases by Purifying the Blood, producing a healthy action of the Liver and its secretions, expelling all morbid, impure and diseased matter from the system, and by its simultaneous action on all the various organs of the body, it imparts new life and activity to the whole physical system. Possessing those peculiar Blood purifying properties is the reason why it is equally efficacious in so many different complaints. No other medicine can compare with
DR. EASTERLY'S IODINE AND SARSAPARILLA.
For the cure of Scrofula, obstinate Old Sores, Tetter, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Pimples on the Face, Prairie Itch, Illinois Mange, Missouri Scratches, and all Eruptions of the skin. But for the cure of all OLD SORES and SKIN DISEASES of every kind,
GRIDLEY'S SALT RHEUM AND TETTER OINTMENT
is a valuable assistant to the Iodine and Sarsaparilla in subduing the disease. The Iodine and Sarsaparilla purifies the Blood and removes the cause, and the Ointment heals the Sores and kills the disease, and thus a speedy cure is effected. Both are recommended to be used for these complaints.
DR. EASTERLY'S IODINE AND SARSAPARILLA
is rapidly superseding all other sarsaparillas and Blood Purifying Medicines. Nearly all the old Sarsaparillas are discarded as worthless, and are nearly obsolete, while it is every day increasing in popular favor. Druggists and dealers who formerly purchased by the dozen now order by the gross and five gross at a time. It is warranted six times STRONGER, CHEAPER and BETTER than any other Sarsaparilla or Blood Purifying Medicine now offered to the Public, or no money will be taken for it. Therefore ask for
DR. EASTERLY'S IODINE AND SARSAPARILLA.
And take nothing else.
Price—the Iodine and Sarsaparilla, $1.50 per Bottle
Price—Gridley's Salt Rheum and Tetter Ointment, 25 cts. per pottle.
Prepared and sold by Dr. E. Easterly & Co., No. 70 North Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their Branch Family Medicine Store, No. 99 Madison Street, Chicago, Ills.

DR. CARTER'S
COUGH BALSAM
Will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs
THE MOST PERFECT, PLEASANT and efficacious remedy ever discovered for all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs, is
Dr. Carter's Cough Balsam.
This medicine immediately stops the cough, produces free and easy expectoration, removes all mucous and foul matter from the air passages, gives ease to difficult breathing, allays the irritation of the Lungs, and effects a SPEEDY CURE, by soothing and HEALING all the Pulmonary Organs.
DR. CARTER'S COUGH BALSAM
never fails to cure Coughs and Colds in a few days, and has cured thousands upon thousands of Consumption after Physicians and all other remedies had failed, and the patients given up to die. This Balsam is the most perfect and infallible remedy for all diseases of the Lungs known to the civilized world.
N. B.—Ask for Dr. CARTER'S COUGH BALSAM, and take nothing else. Price 75 cts. for trial bottle; large bottles $1 50 per bottle.
Prepared and sold by DR. E. EASTERLY & Co., No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their Branch Family Medicine Store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago Ill.

CURE YOURSELF!
DR. BAKER'S SPECIFIC!
This Medicine will cure Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Weakness or Spermatorrhea, Chordee, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, and all or the Diseases of the Sexual Organs caused by Contagion or Weakness of either Sex, Male or Female.
THIS elegant, popular and infallible preparation, so celebrated in all our large cities for the cure of private diseases, is now offered to the afflicted and *WARRANTED TO CURE* all diseases of the Genital Organs of either sex, male or female, in a few days.
DR. BAKER'S SPECIFIC
is the only safe and reliable remedy for the cure of Spermatorrhea, generally termed Seminal Weakness, caused by Self-Abuse, or excessive Indulgence, which is now so fearfully prevalent in all parts of the country.
Dr. Baker's Specific
is a great Healing Purifying and Strengthening medicine, requiring no medical aid or assistance. With this great medicine you can CURE YOURSELF, and avoid all chance of exposure and ruin by ignorant pretending doctors.
DR. BAKER'S INJECTION.
N. B.—In case of Gonorrhea, Gleet and Stricture, Dr. Baker's Injection is recommended to be used in conjunction with the Specific, as it materially aids in subduing the inflamation and subduing the inflamation and stopping the discharge. Both are recommended to be used in these complaints.
A treatise on Sexual diseases called the "Self Instructor" accompanies each bottle of the Specific.
Price—Dr. Baker's Specific, $2 50 per bottle.
Price—Dr. Baker's Injection, 1 dollar per bottle.
Price—Male injecting syringe, 30 cts; female injecting syringe, 50 cents.
Sent by express to all parts of the country on receipt of the money and 25 cts additional to pay for boxing and shipping.
Prepared and sold by Dr. E. EASTERLY & Co. No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo., and at their Branch store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.

EUREKA!
THE
Infallible Hair Restorative!
DECIDEDLY THE BEST ARTICLE for restoring Gray Hair to its original color (not dying), effectually curing all diseases of the scalp, preventing the hair from falling off, giving it a softness and glossy that nothing else can produce. Price one dollar per bottle. Sold by all druggists.
ROBERT ESHER, Agent and Manufacturer, St. Louis, Mo.
Sold by Dr. E. EASTERLY & Co. No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo., and at their Branch Family Medicine store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Ill. Sole General Agents, to whom all orders must be addressed

DR. EASTERLY'S
DIARRHEA SYRUP!
This Medicine is a pleasant and infallible remedy for Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cramps or Spasms, Bowel complaints, and all Derangements of the Stomach and Bowels of Children when TEETHING.
THE CELEBRATED POPULAR and Infallible remedy has been used by the most intelligent and respectable Families in St. Louis for the last fifteen years in all cases of Diarrhea, Dysentery and Bowel complaints, and all unite in pronouncing it the most speedy and effectual medicine they have ever used.
Price 75cts per bottle.
Prepared and sold by Dr. E. Easterly & Co., No. 70 North Fifth St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their branch store No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.

DR. SANDER'S
Three Minute Salve.
This celebrated Salve will cure Corns, Warts, Moles, Ringworm and Toothache in from Three to Ten Minutes.
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE THE most incredulous of its almost miraculous Power and efficacy in removing Warts and Moles, which are always offensive to the eye, impairing one's beauty, and instantly curing the Tormenting pains from Corns and Toothache. Price 75 cts. per bottle. Dr. Sanders' Three Minute Salve will be sent to all parts of the country on receipt of the price and ten cents to prepay postage on the same.
Prepared and sold by Dr. E. EASTERLY & CO., No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their Branch Family Medicine store, No. 99 Madison street, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Easterly's
UNIVERSAL FAMILY PILLS.
For the cure of Billious Diseases, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Jaundice, and all Derangements of the system, where an Aperient or Cathartic Medicine is required.
DR. EASTERLY'S.
Universal Family Pills
are very mild and pleasant in their operation, yet more prompt and effectual in cleansing the system from all bilious and irritating matter than the various other pills now in general use. For Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, they are really invaluable. These pills are *PURELY VEGETABLE* in their ingredients and will be found much superior to other pills to cure the diseases incident to the West. Families, try them.
Price 25cts. per box—forty pills in a box
Prepared and sold by Dr. E. EASTERLY & Co., No. 70 North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold at their Branch Family